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VOL. XCI, NO. 144.

VICTORIA DAILY COLONIST, FRIDAY, JUNE 3, 1904.

FORTY-SIXTH YEAR.

For the Brides of This Month

BEAUTIFUL CUT GLASS



THIS month of weddings is one of the most important of the year in this section of our store. Hundreds of beautiful and useful pieces have been provided to supply a rapidly growing demand.

To choose amiss in this section would be almost impossible, since the assortments are the most desirable, the designs and shapes the most varied, and the range of prices the widest.

No need to tell how pretty or how good our Cut Glass is. Everyone knows.

IT IS THE BEST

but you may not know that you can get many a piece of this beautiful ware at from \$2.75 to \$7.00.

Challoner & Mitchell,
JEWELERS.
47-49 GOVERNMENT ST.

The Cooking School is a Big Success

MISS MILLIGAN AND MISS BROWN, our two Demonstrators, are experts in making Buns and Jellies.

Come and see how it is done.

HOT BUNS AND JELLIES SERVED FREE.

ROYAL HOUSEHOLD FLOUR\$1.50 SACK

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.,

GARDEN TOOLS

LAWN MOWERS, ROSE, ETC.

The Hickman-Tye Hardware Co., Ltd.

32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

Telephone 59. P. O. Drawer 613

PACKED IN CEYLON.

The Very Finest Ceylon Tea, as served at the Fair.

"ST. JAMES"

(QUITE COVERED).

Sold by all Grocers as follows: Green Ticket, 60c.; Red Ticket, 50c.; Lemon Ticket, 40c. lb.

WHOLESALE:

R. P. RITHET CO., LTD.,

IMPORTERS OF HIGH CLASS GROCERIES.

.....MELROSE FLOOR PAINT.....

Extra hard and quick drying. A 50c. tin is sufficient for a border round an ordinary floor.

The Melrose Co., Ltd., 78 Fort St

Non-Alcoholic Liqueurs

Raspberry, Peppermint, Cherry, Ginger.

From the Celebrated Kops Breweries

HUDSON'S BAY CO. AGENTS

Fire Insurance!

ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd., Temple Building, Fort Street,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR

London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Co.

HASTIE'S FAIR

Flags, Souvenirs, Chinese Lanterns, Fireworks.
Hand Bros' Fireworks at Wholesale Prices, from
10 cents a dozen up to 5 cents each. These
goods never were sold here at these prices before.

77 - - Government Street

TRADE MARK

JUNE BRIDES

and others about to start housekeeping
should always remember that no Breakfast
is complete without "B. & K." Rolled Oats.

The Standard Brand.

B&K
REGISTERED

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co. Ltd.

The Warriors' Apotheosis

Weird Ceremony Performed in
Tokio in Memory of Those
Fallen in Battle.

Solemn Rites Admitting Shades
of Dead Heroes to Circle of
the Gods.

Curious and Pathetic Service
Witnessed By the Colonist
Correspondent.

SPECIAL FROM THE COLONIST
CORRESPONDENT AT THE SEAT
OF WAR.

Tokio, May 14.—I attended a gathering of the spirits of the soldiers who have fallen in Japan's wars a few days ago, a weird ceremony at which the fallen soldiers, who have lost their lives in the war with Russia, were admitted to the ranks of the "kami"—initiated into fellowship with all those who had previously died with their faces to the foe, to live in the silent halls of the Shinkonsha as gods to be worshipped by their fellows. To die for Japan on the field of battle is to be translated into the ranks of the gods—and twice a year the gods meet.

In 1873 the Shinkonsha temple at Atsuta was erected for the worship of the spirits of those who fell fighting for the Mikado in the war against the Shoguns, and since that time the names of other heroes have been added to the closely company who fit upon the painted-covered floors of the quiet, unlit Shinto temple. Those who fell in the Sino-Japanese war of 1894-5 were admitted to the ranks of the gods housed therein, those who died in the Russo-Japanese war of 1904-5 were admitted to live in the god-house in fellowship with the soldier spirits.

The Shinkonsha is a Shinto temple, built according to all the tenets of Shintoism. The temple is a long, narrow building, with a thatched roof, and unpainted wood, polished by the weather; it is as many other Shinto temples I have seen. The mats are bare, devoid of furniture, only a small table, which is used for the purification of the soul, and the plain benches for the few admitted to this strange festival, are beneath the roof. The inner shrine stands in a great courtyard, with a palisade about it. A narrow path, which is draped with a long white cloth—white cloth is used for mourning in Japan, not black—adorned with the Emperor's crest, the sixteen leaved chrysanthemum, leads to an outer shrine, which is built in the same style, and there the common crowd may worship. There thousands have been worshipping during the past few days, honoring the soldier dead.

It was early in the morning of May 14th that the soldiers, new fallen over seas, were admitted to the ranks of the kami—to fellowship with the gods. The Emperor was represented by two princes of the blood, the war department by the war minister, General Tanaka, the naval department by the minister of marine, Baron Yamamoto, the state by the premier, and there were few others. A Shinto priest, robed in flowing white robes, led the ceremony. In a corner some priests were going through all the motions of playing musical instruments, but they made no sound. The quietness was the great feature of the ceremony. Altars of plain unpainted wood had been set up, and on these stood of fruit, vegetables, sake and other good things had been placed. Then, with his hands moving steadily to and fro the old priest, in a low voice, uttered incantations which only the initiated knew. He was calling down the spirits of the dead soldiers. He placed sakaki leaves—the sprays from the holy tree of Shinkonsha—on the altars, and with the names of the fallen soldiers, bearing the names of the soldiers and their regiments, he called down the spirits of the dead. As he recited his mystic chant, the names of the dead were thought to be waiting close by, ready to join in fellowship with the waiting spirits who had long since lived at the Shinkonsha, or rather assembled there twice a year to hear the incantations of the priest and feast on the good things the worshippers brought, and hear the murmured prayers of the soldiers as the hands were clasped and the coppers rolled in on the temple steps.

The ceremony was soon over, and those present left the shrine. The priest, however, the gates behind him, and the shrine was left to the spirits, and they alone. Not a human footfall disturbed the ghostly meeting. Outside at the outershrine crowds came in thousands, in ones and twos, in groups and crowds, the worshippers came all day long, from early morning until after dusk. Soldiers were plentiful. During the invocations of the spirits, which takes place twice a year, from May 14th to 18th and from November 5th to 10th, all the soldiers' garb and armor, themselves in their dress uniform and proceed to the shrine, soldiers and civilians also go, the latter in their holiday garb. For, it is not to mourn—it is to celebrate.

East is East and West is West. We of the West go to the graves with flowers, solemnly and with mourning, grieving for those who are no more. Not so in Japan. Here it is considered the greatest honor that can befall a man when he dies for his country, and it is to celebrate the deaths of the soldiers that the people come to Shinkonsha. All day they come; all day you can hear the wave of sound as the "geta" (clatter) of the wooden clogs, and you can hear the clapping of the hands, the murmured prayers and the tinkle of the coppers that fall on the piles already scattered on the matting which the priests had spread over the stairs. The worshippers seemed earnest for the most part, though to some the hand-clapping, prayer and the offering of a tenth of a cent thrown on the matting, seemed to be more or less mechanically done.

When the worshippers left the shrine it was to stare through the palisade at the silent shrine within, a great building with its doors thrown wide, and still without the slightest movement other than the flutter of the purple cloth with the Emperor's crest, and the murmur of the dead soldiers. Perhaps they were staring with the half-held belief that the dim outlines of the departed fighting men might be seen. No one had seen the dead ones journeying to the Shinkonsha; no one could see

(Continued on Page Eight).

REPORT UNFOUNDED.

Burlington, Va., June 2.—After a long investigation today the officials at Fort Rham Allen announced today that last night's report of the discovery of a man's body on the fort's rifle range, cut in half, has been found to be untrue.

MANAGER'S SUICIDE.

Omaha, Neb., June 2.—C. L. Saylor, office manager for the Armour Packing Company at South Omaha, committed suicide today by shooting himself through the head. The act was committed an hour before the time set for Mr. Saylor's departure for an Ohio sanatorium where he was going for treatment of his nervous system.

ESCAPING PRISONER KILLED.

Minneapolis, Minn., June 2.—Two military prisoners at Fort Snelling made an attempt to escape today, and one of them, Tony Wisch, was shot dead by Private Kennedy. Wisch had tried to throw Kennedy into a river.

Columbus, O., June 2.—John A. Manning, a prisoner at the United States barracks, was shot and killed here today by Private Speck, one of the sentries at the garrison. Manning had deserted twice and re-enlisted three times and was awaiting trial by court martial. Today he attempted to escape. Failing to stop at the command he was shot through the head, dying instantly.

Kuropatkin is Ordered Forward

Council of War Held By Czar to Decide Between the Two Commanders.

Russian General Points Out the Folly of the Step Proposed.

Paris, June 2.—The correspondent of the Echo de Paris at St. Petersburg telegraphs: "Viceroy Alexieff and General Kuropatkin having asked the Emperor to settle their dispute, His Majesty summoned a council of war, including Minister of War Sakharoff, Marine Minister Avellan and Minister of the Interior Melve. The council debated for several hours at the Tsarskoye-Selo.

"I have reasons to believe that the necessity of preserving the naval base at Port Arthur and the loss of prestige that the fall of Port Arthur would entail were the arguments which prevailed in the council. General Kuropatkin has therefore been advised to attempt to relieve the fortress, but to act with the greatest prudence. A general whom I interviewed on the subject of the council said:

"If General Kuropatkin is weak enough to advance he will commit a serious blunder. The number of his troops is insufficient. The conditions under which he acts are unfavorable. He might meet an almost irreparable reverse at Port Arthur. He will not get relief from there. If we try to relieve Port Arthur we will be doing exactly what the Japanese hope we will do."

FOURTEEN THOUSAND RUSSIANS ON MARCH

General Stalkenberg Starts For South From Liaoyang With Large Army.

London, June 3.—The Daily Mail's New Chungking correspondent, ending his article of June 2nd says: "General Stalkenberg with 14,000 Russians, made up of artillery, cavalry and infantry, has marched south of Liaoyang in the direction of Wafangdang. Large forces of Chinese bands are collecting in the hills north of the Liao river and are preparing to cut the railway north of Mukden."

The correspondent of the Daily Express at Nagasaki cables that transports loaded with troops continue to leave Western Japanese ports daily for the theatre of war. A large proportion of those despatched during the past week, he says, were to reinforce General Oku.

STREET CARS TIED UP.

Houston, Tex., June 2.—Not a street car was moved in Houston today. The chief of police has asked the mayor for protection and announced that an attempt will be made tomorrow to put the system in operation. The strikers have agreed that there should be no violence or intimidation.

WARRANT OUT FOR MRS. ELIAS.

New York, June 2.—John R. Platt, the millionaire octogenarian, who alleges that a large sum was obtained from him by Hannah Elias, a mulatto, by means of blackmail, yesterday obtained a warrant for the woman's arrest. The order of arrest was placed in the hands of a deputy sheriff, who went to the Elias woman's home, and was refused admittance by her lawyer. The lawyer said the woman was too ill to see anyone.

FOUR FISHERMEN'S FORTUNATE FIND

Board Abandoned Herring Catcher and Reach Port After Many Days.

St. Johns, N. F., June 2.—The American herring catcher A. M. Newason, of Bucksport, Me., adrift in an ice flow all winter, sailed safely into Bonne Bay yesterday. The Nicholson's crew abandoned her January 25th, and when they were overtaken by the mainland near the Bay of St. George, five Newfoundland fishermen boarded the vessel April 5th, forty miles from Bonne Bay, and after a trying experience of 57 days, four of the fishermen and the vessel were rescued. The crew were the most of the close confinement and left the vessel May 29th and walked across the ice towards Portland creek. He has not been heard of since. The fishermen have been little to eat. They lived most of the time on water and flour boiled in a ventilator cover, the only thing left on board that could be utilized for cooking. They arrived in Bonne Bay very much exhausted.

Through the Jap's Lines

Officer From Port Arthur Succeeds in Reaching Mukden Safely.

Japanese Losses at Kinchow Are Placed at 20,000 By Russians.

Order to Fortify Harbin Was Only Given After Long Debate By Czar.

St. Petersburg, June 2.—Lieut. Colonel Gorko, who passed through the Japanese lines to reach Mukden, he succeeded in eluding the Japanese on the Liaoting peninsula, and reaching the Russian headquarters at Mukden and was attached to the staff of General Pock. He was the leader of important information regarding the fighting at Kinchow and the situation at Port Arthur. A long despatch is now being deciphered at the war office.

According to information in possession of the general staff the enemy has five divisions, and five reserve corps of about 6,000 on the Liaoting peninsula, and at least seven divisions and seven reserve corps, in all about 125,000 men, in southern Manchuria. Although the impression prevails among the members of the general staff that General Kuropatkin's purpose is to make feints to prevent General Kuropatkin from moving, the impression is that the result of the campaign against Port Arthur is determined, there is now apparently more inclination to think he will try a demonstration in force, which might result in a decisive engagement. The Japanese commander is constantly shifting his columns back and forth to conceal his real purposes, the latest

Still Another Army.

Vansleben, Manchuria, June 1. —(Delayed in Transmission.)—The Japanese are reported to be landing another army of 50,000 men at Takuashan. Japanese posts were withdrawn today from positions near Vansleben, destroying the bridges as they retired. They were busy during the night removing the wounded from the battlefield and burying the dead.

reports received being that he has again abandoned Saimatsa, north of Fengwangcheng. All the reports drift along the coast of China. The Japanese are increasing the extent of the Japanese losses at Kinchow, one today making the number at about 20,000 men. It can be safely predicted that the Russian square at Port Arthur will not wait until the last moment before going out. The admiralty seems to entertain no fear if the situation there becomes desperate that the squadron will be caught like rats in a trap. Rear Admiral Wittsforth's despatch given yesterday gave assurance on this point. A portion of which that was not made public, said that every ship except the Pobeda was now ready to go to sea at a moment's notice and that the channel was clear.

The following telegram from General Kuropatkin to the Emperor dated June 1st has been received: "Quiet prevails in the direction of Fengwangcheng. The worst of Calma Muzak was evacuated by the Japanese May 31st has been recaptured by our troops. Our patrols, May 31st, had a skirmish in Lachin pass, ten miles south of fifteen miles from the coast. The detachment composed of two companies of infantry and half a squadron of cavalry. We had one Cossack wounded."

"There is no change in the situation at the Port Arthur. No consent to any preparations for a retreat to Harbin until after he received a detailed report from General Kuropatkin, showing that it was impossible to hold the southern portion of Manchuria. He then agreed to accept the situation and consent to the preparation of an impenetrable position at Harbin which the Russians could finally hope to hold, while preparing to begin an offensive movement."

"It is therefore believed here that the Russian official losses at Mukden and Liaoyang will be held entirely for home consumption, and that a retreat to Mukden first will gradually be made. The Japanese advance will be contested as far as possible, but a general engagement will be avoided."

STEEL WORKS SHUT DOWN.

Chicago, June 2.—The Irons furnace works at Chicago are shut down, throwing more than 600 men out of work. The closing of the plant is the direct result of the tie-up of the boats of the lake carriers' association. The company manufactures pig iron and has been unable to get any raw iron ore.

TO SEARCH FOR CONEMAGH.

New York, June 2.—Superintendent Smith, of the Maritime Exchange, has asked the secretary of war to send a gunboat of the South Atlantic squadron in search of the steamer Conemagh, of the International Mercantile Company, which left Honolulu January 25th for this port. The vessel has not been heard from since leaving Honolulu, Chili, February 28.

FRENCH NAVAL BUDGET.

Paris, June 2.—The naval budget, distributed to the members of the Chamber of Deputies today, provides total appropriations of \$82,000,000. Which is \$1,050,000 in excess of the budget for the current year. The increase is largely in a provision for a reserve division of armored cruisers for the northern squadron and a division of torpedo destroyers for the Asiatic squadron. A general reorganization of the coast defense is also provided for.

CONSUMPTION CURE.

Interesting Experiment to Be Made in Kent Colony at Chicago.

Chicago, June 2.—With the object of curing pulmonary consumption it may be that patients will be cured in the climate of Illinois, a tent colony is about to be established at Oatwater, Ill., under the care of the Illinois Medical Society. Men and women patients will be received. The colony will be open summer and winter alike. Each tent will contain one or two sufferers. The tents will be waterproof, but the freest circulation of air will be allowed so that the patients will live an outdoor life day and night.

A FORGIVING COUNT.

St. Petersburg, June 2.—Foreign Minister Lamsdorf refuses to make a complaint against Prince Dolgorouky, who committed a personal assault on the Minister Monday evening. The latter is under arrest.

A MURDEROUS SWAIN.

Chicago, June 2.—Frank Sessler, a rejected suitor, has shot himself and Miss Estella Rooney, daughter of the assistant superintendent of the South Chicago ship yards. The girl will recover. Sessler's wound is fatal.

TORNADO IN KANSAS.

Norton, Kansas, June 2.—A tornado, which struck the little town of Seldin, demolished a church, five dwellings and much farm property. A funeral service was being conducted in the church at the time, and 300 persons were hurt, none seriously. No loss of life is reported.

TO TOUR THE UNITED STATES.

Vienna, June 2.—Dr. Baern Reith, former minister of commerce, and Count Mervelt, former minister of the province of Tyrol and Silesia, will sail from Cherbourg, June 10th, for New York. They will tour the United States and Canada to study the political and economic conditions of the institutions and visit chief industrial centers.

British Critics Condemn Move

The Russian Decision to Relieve Port Arthur is Deemed Incredible.

Reliable Estimate Places Garrison at About Thirty Thousand Men.

London, June 3.—Telegrams from different points seem to confirm the rumors that General Kuropatkin is attempting a diversion in the direction of Port Arthur. Russian reinforcements, according to a despatch from Tientsin, are moving southward from Kaiping towards Wafangdang, under General Stalkenberg. They comprise a battery of artillery, four Siberian regiments and a company of Cossacks, aggregating 12,000 men. Another brigade, following the intention being to engage the Japanese now attacking Port Arthur.

The Standard's correspondent at Tientsin, sending the same news, says: "The Russian force for the engagement at Wafangdang, May 30th, which have been formed of four Siberian regiments, which were reported to have left Tachienchow May 28, being the first portion of a relieving column for Port Arthur. The railway is intact from the north to Wafangdang, but is completely destroyed from their to Pulandien. The Japanese are unconcerned over this demonstration, being convinced that it will be of no avail for the Russians to move a sufficient force to prove effective."

These reports are received with a certain measure of scepticism in London. The belief here is that if General Kuropatkin is attempting a diversion, he can only be doing so in deference to the strongest political pressure and against his own better judgment. No further news of any kind has been received about the movements of the Japanese forces. Both Generals Kuropatkin and Oku are working in the utmost secrecy.

The Daily Telegraph's well-informed Tokyo correspondent estimates the total defending force in Port Arthur at 30,000. "The Russian force for the diversion," he says, "and it will be a narrow achievement to carry by assault such a place with more than a score of great landward forts disposed at a distance of fifteen miles from the harbor. Still the reduction of the place can be undoubtedly accomplished."

According to the Chronicle's Tokyo correspondent, the Russians have completed eleven fortresses at Liaoyang and are laying mines at a distance of 5,000 feet around them.

A Plea From Rossland Mines

Federal Government Urged to Extend Scope of Silver Lead Bounty.

Unreasonable Stand of Ottawa Likely to Work Hardships.

Rossland, B. C., June 2.—The sentiment here in respect to the proposed amendment to the federal lead bounty regulations is explained in the following, published in the Rossland Miner: "The outcome of the application for the extension of the Dominion lead bounty to include and apply on ore mined in excess of the capacity of Canadian smelters, is awaited by all classes and interests in the West with keen interest. Everybody at all familiar with the situation must admit that failure on the part of the Dominion government to increase the scope of the bounty to exported ores will work a great hardship in Kootenay mining circles. The request is most reasonable, inasmuch as it makes no demand for an increase of the present appropriation, but simply seeks to have it applied so as not to curtail development and output. Seeing that the appropriation has been made, it would be inequitable to have it disbursed with due regard for the welfare of all interested, and this would surely result if the government accedes to the latest recommendations of the silver lead miners in this country. The ministers at Ottawa should appreciate the fact that unless they adopt the recommendations now before them on this question, several hundred miners will be thrown out of employment. At this particular juncture there is scarcely enough work for the miners in the Kootenays. The government's refusal to allow the lead bounty to apply on exported ores enforces idleness, and, in this instance, would be attributed to the government's shortsightedness, and as considered a disaster would follow, the situation might become extremely serious. It is, therefore, hoped that the federal government will enlarge the scope of the lead bounty without a moment's unnecessary delay."

RUSSIAN RAIDERS ACTIVE.

Penetrate South of Anju and Capture Provision Trains.

Vladivostok, June 2.—Letters from the theatre of war report that Russian raiders have succeeded in penetrating as far as Gensan, and also south of Anju. They have destroyed depots of Japanese and captured provision trains. Koreans are fleeing in Manchuria to escape the hardships of war. Chinese are moving from Kwantung into northern Manchuria in order to avoid living in territory under Japanese control.

LAKE TRANSPORTATION.

Duluth, June 2.—The steamers J. H. Reed and D. G. Kerr of the President Steamship Company, the steamer Simola of the Tomlinson fleet and the Robert Wallace of the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence River Transportation Company, have departed from Duluth. They are all lake carrier boats. The Wallace is carrying a cargo of wheat and the other three to Buffalo via grain. The masters and pilots organization here says that it has only lost three members with the four boats.

ANGLO-FRENCH TREATY.

Premier Balfour Complains That Commissioners Show Lack of Appreciation.

London, June 2.—The Anglo-French convention, which unanimously passed its second reading in the House of Commons this evening. This bill provides for the ascent of Parliament to the indemnities and cessions of territory under the recent Anglo-French agreement. Premier Balfour, in the course of the debate, said the speakers showed lack of appreciation of the enormous benefits accruing from the arrangements in regard to Newfoundland. Under the old arrangements peace between France and Great Britain had been by a thread. The difficulty was now removed for ever. He considered the Anglo-French agreement to be one of the greatest international transactions on record, and the beginning of a happier era in international relations.

Day's Doings At the Capital

Lively Time in the Commons With Ralph Smith Over a Speech.

Rubbers For Gelsa Girls at Osaka Figures in Mr. Fisher's Department.

Lord and Lady Minto Will Vacate Government House In October.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, June 2.—Mr. Borden urged the government to endeavor to bring the great Sydney strike to an end. Hon. Mr. Fielding acknowledged that intervention was necessary.

The opposition had a lively time today with Ralph Smith over a speech made by D. J. O'Donoghue at Nainaimo when the latter was out on the Coast on the business of the department of labor. Mr. Smith claimed that Mr. O'Donoghue's presence at a political meeting was accidental. At any rate that he was taking his holidays at that time.

There was great fun with Hon. Sidney Fisher tonight over the purchase of two cases of whiskey for the Wolverhampton exhibition and fifty pairs of ladies' rubbers for the Osaka exhibition. It is claimed that the latter were presented to Gelsa girls.

The British Columbia lumber delegation is still waiting an appointment. It is stated now that their representations amount to naught as far as the government is concerned.

The report current today is that Lord and Lady Minto will vacate Government House and leave for England the second week in October. Their excellencies will return to their country home, Minto House, Hawick, Roxburgh, Scotland; afterward they will take two months' holiday in the south of France. No official announcement has yet been made at Rideau Hall of Lord Minto's successor. The name mentioned for the position is that of Lord Onslow. A definite announcement is expected within a fortnight.

The Countess of Minto, accompanied by Lady Eileen, left for Montreal en route for England today.

Mr. Lemieux, solicitor-general for Canada, will go to England on June 17th to represent the government before the privy council at the hearing of the appeal of Prince Edward Island. New Brunswick as to the number of seats they are entitled to by the census.

On Casgrain's bill to amend Yukon Territory representation act to give only qualified voters the right to vote, Sifton said the government's intention was to vote down the bill according as the measure stood.

Kootenay Central Railway bill, Pacific Northern and Ontario bill, Bountiful, Kamloops and Cariboo Railway bill passed the Senate railway committee today.

The militia department issues a warning to militia officers not to allow untrained men to handle rifles without instructions; also stated that detachments of foreign troops of friendly power, bearing arms and in uniform which desire to enter the Dominion must present a permit from the Canadian government. The requisite permit should be applied for on behalf of the visiting troops through their respective governments.

William Sloan left for home today.

Mayor Kearney and Messrs. McGuigan, Funnell, Watson and the British Columbia members will probably see the government tomorrow regarding lumber duties. The resolution of Mr. Hain's, calling for specific duties on fruit and vegetables was defeated by 76 to 41.

In the Senate today Mr. Macdonald protested against the government acceding to the request of the States for a revision of the Behring Sea sealing regulations. Mr. Macdonald said the government had not received any communication in the matter, but could give assurances that the interests of the Canadians would be protected.

CABLE INTERRUPTED.

New York, June 2.—The Commercial Cable Company has issued the following notice: "We are advised that the Northern Cable cable between Anjou and Shanghai is interrupted."

TO HONOR CURZON.

London, June 2.—The Lord Mayor and corporation have decided to give the freedom of the city on Lord Curzon of Kedleston in recognition of the ability and zeal he had displayed as viceroy of India.

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Army and Navy Clothing Store

117 Government Street.

BANKRUPT SALE

OF

Gent's Clothing, Boots and Shoes,
Gent's Furnishings, Etc., Etc.

The Greatest Slaughter Sale Ever Known in B. C.

To Commence

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 4

Doors Open at 9.00 O'clock A.M.

Great Bargains May Be Expected, as all Goods Must Be Disposed of at Once. No Reserve.

A Rich District Near Revelstoke

Section of Province Which Affords Splendid Opportunities For Investment.

Fine Timber and Mineral Properties Awaiting Attention of Capitalists.

Revelstoke, B. C., June 1.—(Special.)—A section of British Columbia affords a splendid opportunity for investment in mineral, timber and farming land. From the Canoe river to Revelstoke the valley and slopes of the mountains are covered with splendid timber—cedar, spruce, fir and pine of sound quality. About 130 miles north of Revelstoke large deposits of mica exist, but owing to the want of transportation these properties are not shipping. The Revelstoke Steamship Company are contemplating putting on another steamer above Laporte, the present head of navigation, which, with a tramway, two miles around the rapids and a wagon road from Canoe river will give the necessary transportation.

At Camp creek, Smith creek, McCulloch and French creek there are large deposits of mica, very rich in mica.

At Camp creek, R. Allen, the original locator, has done an immense amount of work to open up the old channel, and has at last been successful in opening up and showing both veins. The deposit is from 400 feet to 800 feet wide, with a depth of 150 feet, and contains mica worth 20 cents to the cubic yard. This property is now incorporated and men and supplies have already been sent up and hydraulic work is in progress by the 15th inst.

At Smith creek H. Howard is working and takes out considerable gold every season.

At McCulloch creek Mr. J. D. Shubald last season installed an hydraulic plant. His company have a splendid property and in Mr. Shubald a good manager, as he last summer pushed the plant through and placed it in position to commence work and paid a dividend the first season. This season additional improvements are being put in, including an electric plant. This property is now incorporated and men and supplies have already been sent up and hydraulic work is in progress by the 15th inst.

have been staked on gold, copper, silver and lead leads, and very good assays have been taken.

On Canoe creek Messrs. Kelly and McLean have done a great deal of development on their gold and copper property. This property has a splendid location and is one of the easiest properties to reach in the Band. The steamer Revelstoke runs to the mouth of Canoe creek, forty-five miles from Revelstoke, Tuesdays and Fridays.

The Revelstoke Timber Company have had about forty men all winter in their logging camps and have driven their logs to their mill here and have safely sent them in their boom in the Big Eddy, approximately 4,000,000 feet.

DELIGHTFUL RECITAL.

Pupils of Alexandra Royal College of Music Charm Large Audience.

Last evening in the main hall, Alexandra Royal College of Music, the pupils of Mrs. Dennis Harris, principal, and Mrs. W. E. Green, vocal music, gave a recital to a crowded audience, who displayed every sign of pleasure at the excellent work of the various players and singers. The amount of genuine talent shown by the pupils was most pleasing to all present, and the opinion was expressed that if those gifted young people continue to enjoy the privilege of having such tutelage as they are getting at the Alexandra College, they will be quite justified in looking forward with every confidence to a brilliant musical or vocal career.

The careful supervision exercised over each individual pupil of Mrs. Harris and Mrs. Green was apparent in the playing and singing of the pupils, and it says much for the tuition provided in the college that pupils of such tender age should be able to give such a capital account of themselves before a large and cultured audience.

The programme was most interesting and embraced some of the choicest works of musical genius. Special praise is due to little Miss Norma Spencer for her playing of some very difficult pieces; and also to Miss Chapman for her clever playing of the Bach "Inventions." Miss Howard's singing was amongst the treats of the evening, and reflected great credit upon her teacher, Mrs. Green. Miss Tronsdale also sang beautifully; also Miss Watkins and Miss Fell. The programme was as follows:

- PART I.**
1. Duet—March fr. Faust
Solo—The First Call Miss Shore.
 2. Solo—Spring Gavotte Satoris
Duet—The Fairies Dolores
 3. Song—Sunset Dudley Bach
Miss Howell.
 4. Solo—Merry Huntsmen Klein
Miss Phillips.
 5. Solo—Valse Koetter
Miss Shore.
 6. Song—Norwegian Song Aspinall
Miss Tronsdale.
 7. Duet—No. 2 Lousellions
8. Solo—Hunting Song Gortlit
Duet—Blue Abstarin Mountains Misses Woodward.
 9. Solo—The Spinning Wheel Miss E. Shaw.
- PART II.**
10. Song—When All is Still Crome
Miss Watkins.
 11. Solo—Country Dance Lente
Duet—Valse Miss S. Anderson.
 12. Song—Happy Song de Rigo
Miss Fell.
 13. Solo—Nocturne Read
Miss Michaels.
 14. Duet—No. 2 Diabelli
Miss Dumbleton.
 15. Song—O Dry Those Tears Rigo
Miss Howell.
 16. Solo—Valse Jensen
Duet—Scherzo Miss Spencer.
 17. Song—The Chimney Corner P. Cowen
Miss Watkins.
 18. Solo—Inventions Bach
Miss Chapman.

Fearful Struggle With Enraged Bull

Seattle Man Gored and Tossed By Vicious Animal and is Fatally Hurt.

Plucky Rescue From Under Bull's Feet By Aged Wife and Son.

The following graphic account of a life and death struggle between an enraged bull and a man, his wife and son is taken from the Seattle Post-Intelligencer of yesterday's date:

F. X. La Bounty was gored and tossed in the air by an enraged bull in a corral near his home, 1228 Roy street, yesterday afternoon. His wife, who is 65 years of age, rushed to his assistance and made heroic efforts to save her husband. Noah, his 14-year-old son, attacked the bull with a pitchfork, and was compelled to climb the corral fence to save his own life.

Mr. La Bounty received injuries from which it is believed he will not recover. Several ribs were broken, and he is thought to be internally injured. Mrs. La Bounty escaped from the corral, with her injured husband, while the son was attacking the attention of the enraged animal to himself.

It has been the usual custom of Mr. La Bounty to carry a pitchfork into the bull pen with him for protection whenever he had occasion to go near the ferocious beast. He fed the animal each night about 5 o'clock, and was just about to perform that act when attacked yesterday. Instead of carrying the fork, as was his usual rule, he took a heavy club with him last evening. The fork had been mislaid and he did not take the trouble to hunt it up.

When he entered the corral and had closed the gate after him the bull noticed that he was armed with but a club. With a bellow that could be heard all over the neighborhood, the bull made for La Bounty. For a few seconds La Bounty managed to keep the animal away from him with the club, but finally the bull became the master.

With lowered head the beast charged on the defenceless man, and the unfortunate man got at least five or six feet above the ground.

The fence of the corral is about ten feet high, and Tom Dutton and other neighbors say they saw the unfortunate man get at least five or six feet above the fence. After tossing his victim once, the bull stamped and bit at him on the ground.

Mrs. La Bounty had heard her husband's cries from the house, and rushed to his assistance. She is past 60 years of age, and a small, frail woman. Nevertheless her only thought was to save her husband, and she fearlessly rushed into the enclosure. Her son Noah, aged 14 years, was also behind, but he had taken the precaution to arm himself with a pitchfork before going into the pen.

When Mrs. La Bounty entered the corral the bull was standing directly over her victim. She fearlessly rushed up to the beast and grabbed both of his horns in her hands. Whether by some unnatural strength or because the bull was taken by surprise, she forced his head back and made him back off the prostrate man. The bull had shaken loose from the hold of the brave lit-

tle woman when Noah La Bounty made his attack.

It was some time, for in another instant the woman would have been tossed in the air. Noah drove the prongs of the fork deep into the side of the bull. Enraged by the sudden attack from a new quarter, the animal turned and started after his boy. The boy was agile, and managed to divert the bull's attention long enough to allow his parents to escape from the corral.

Mr. La Bounty had barely strength enough to crawl out on his hands and knees. His wife assisted him to the gate, however, and had him well out of harm's way before assistance from neighbors arrived.

Meanwhile the boy on the inside of the corral was making as brave a fight as any tormentor ever did in the arena. He jabbed his three-pronged fork into the animal whenever opportunity presented itself, and dodged the horns of the beast with the agility of a bull fighter who had been practicing for years.

The boy was fighting for a space of time long enough to allow him to scale the high fence. He had a hard fight for some time, but finally won over the bull. While the bull was backing away to make a new rush at his antagonist, the boy dropped his fork and rushed for the fence. He gained the top, and dropped panting on the other side just as the belching bovine crashed against the fence where he had climbed over. He was safe, however, and at once went to the assistance of his father.

Tom Dutton, who lives next door to the La Bounty home, the boy and Mrs. La Bounty carried the injured man into the house, and physicians were at once called to attend him. Dr. Vassar dressed the injuries, and stated that two ribs were broken, a few inches from the backbone, and also near the front of the body. One of the ribs is thought to have penetrated the lung. Little hope is entertained for the injured man's recovery.

It was reported late last night that Mr. Bounty was very low and that heart action was being kept up by the use of stimulants. He was delirious and it was not believed that he would live until tonight.

SUBURBAN AMATEURS.

Clever Performance Given at Victoria West Last Evening.

The Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Society scored another hit at Victoria West last evening, and the play, "Because I Love You," called forth the best efforts of an exceptionally strong aggregation of talented performers. Miss Nellie Purman, who sustained the role of leading lady, had undertaken a very hard part, and her presentation of it was extremely clever. Mrs. Colby, as "Nance," was as good as ever, and created great amusement, while Miss Charlie King as the "gypsy" made her initial appearance one to be remembered. Miss Rosa Egilson, the old maid, also performed her part to perfection. Amongst the gentlemen, Mr. A. R. Colby, in the lead, showed a wonderful comprehension of the play. "Because I Love You," called forth the best efforts of an exceptionally strong aggregation of talented performers. Miss Nellie Purman, who sustained the role of leading lady, had undertaken a very hard part, and her presentation of it was extremely clever. 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The Colonist.

FRIDAY, JUNE 3, 1904.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.

A. G. SARGISON, Managing Director.

THE DAILY COLONIST

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THE OPPOSITION EXPLANATIONS.

The Opposition press is busily engaged in explaining why no candidate was put in the field to oppose the reelection of the Provincial Secretary. While the explanations are various, the chief one is that there was not sufficient time in which to put a candidate in the field and conduct a campaign. That explanation seems scarcely sufficient, because the Opposition, according to the statements of those who are managing its affairs, knew many weeks ago that Mr. Fulton would seek reelection. This arrangement was especially stipulated for, if the Opposition statements are accurate, when it was agreed that the petitions against other members on both sides of the House should be dropped. The real fact is that the gentlemen who were suggested as suitable victims in the Opposition cause, like those invited to the marriage feast, made excuses of one kind or another. Messrs. Deane, Wade and Swanson had each of them excellent reasons for not displaying any enthusiasm for a contest with the Provincial Secretary. Now we are told that his election by acclamation proves nothing as regards the popularity either of himself or of the Government of which he is a member. That, of course, is a matter of opinion and we think it may fairly be inferred that had the suggested candidates seen any prospect of popular support, one or other of them would have entered the field. But neither the leader of the Opposition nor the "stalwarts" of the party in Kamloops favored a contest and in this they showed excellent judgment as far as the interests of the Opposition are concerned. They have still the chance at Lillooet, and by the way they have had notice now for four months that an election will be held there.

THE CITY'S WATER SUPPLY.

The opinion given to the City Council by the City Solicitor on the question of the City's right to appropriate water from the Goldstream River and other sources of supply within a limit of twenty miles from the city boundaries, will, we think, be regarded by the citizens as a satisfactory assurance of the amplitude of the available supply for the increased demand which may be expected through the greater consumption of a larger population. The public will now await the decision which the Council may reach on the City Solicitor's opinion. The matter is of such vast importance that we may be sure it will receive the careful and anxious consideration of the Council.

But it will be of little or no advantage to the citizens to know that there is an ample supply of this necessary fluid within the control of the civic administration, if that body insists on adopting such regulations as will so restrict the supply to any citizen, except on exorbitant terms, that only wealthy people will be able to indulge in a liberal consumption. The method recommended by the Water Commissioner, and apparently approved by a majority of the City Council, will practically deprive the great mass of the citizens of the enjoyment of what is a prime necessity of comfortable and decent existence in a town—an abundant supply of pure water. To them the water of the Goldstream River might as well be in the Desert of Sahara or in the Sudan. They will be forced to economize the precious fluid as it slowly trickles through and is registered by Mr. Baymum's meters, in order that their water rates may not be too great for their modest incomes. To them it will, indeed be: "Water, water everywhere; but scarce a drop for me!" As a correspondent says: "Water by the pint will, of course, be an impossibility for our lawns and gardens. But doubtless the click, click of the meters will compensate the Commissioner and the Council, by the resulting inflow of the water rates, for the disappearance of what has made Victoria such a delight to every visitor."

But another correspondent, Mr. H. P. Bell, in a letter which we published on Sunday last, calls attention to another and a still more serious drawback and danger that is likely to result from this retrograde step by our City Fathers. That the satisfactory operation of our sewers on the separate system requires the flow of a liberal supply of water through them, no one will dispute who has any knowledge of the subject. Without such a supply the sewers are likely to become a nuisance and a source of disease. Under the system of supply of water hitherto in vogue in Victoria—as in every town in which enlightened civic administration is found—the quantity of water flowing into the sewers from the houses has been sufficient to keep them in a wholesome condition. But, as Mr. Bell points out, the situation will be entirely changed under a system that will compel stringent economy in the use of water by a large section of the population. "The very free use of water," which Mr. Bell says is necessary for "the proper sanitary con-

dition of a system of separate sewers," will not be found under a method that is designed to restrict the use of water under penalty of high water rates. Our correspondent goes on to point out that "competent sanitary engineers have decided that without frequent liberal flushing the separate system of sewers may become dangerous to the public health, and this danger becomes greatest precisely at the time when the city here might find the greatest shortage of water." The separate sewerage system was adopted from motives of economy and the minimum size of the sewers certainly should enable a supply sufficient for the purpose to be afforded. And, in that case, the most economical and the best way to provide for such flushing is to allow it to be done by the water from the houses, running through the drains into the sewers. But the meter system, if universally adopted, under compulsion of the water rates, will necessarily disturb the method by which the sewers would be flushed and kept in a wholesome condition.

So great is the injury which may be inflicted on the city in more ways than one by the adoption of the plan advocated by the Water Commissioner, that the citizens should make the Council understand that in this matter its action is not in accord with public opinion. Just at the time when everything suggests that a broad and enlightened civic administrative system should be followed, and people brought to realize that in Victoria the comfort and convenience of the residents, and the beauty and adornment of the city are matters engaging continuously the attention of the municipal authorities, the people are startled by a return to methods which, in the past, have worked great detriment to the city under the guise of a false economy. In the present case there can be little doubt that the object aimed at will be defeated and that the financial results anticipated will not be attained. The net financial result to the city from a system of water works kept abreast of current requirements and of a capacity adequate to a reasonable and liberal supply of water, will be much more favorable than that which can be secured by letting the water works fall behind the requirements and compelling the people to put up with an inadequate supply of water by the installation of meters.

What is the best course to pursue to compel the City Council to adopt a policy in harmony with the views of a large majority of the citizens, we are not prepared to state. There is a good deal of force in the contention of the "Times," that any resolution by a public meeting would be forgotten by the time when effective action could be taken by the citizens on a matter so vital to the public interests. We would appeal rather to the common sense and courtesy of the Mayor and Aldermen and ask them before taking any action of importance that they should give the public the information which has been asked for. Some of their own colleagues in the Council have preferred the same request, and we trust that the Council will see fit to comply with it without more delay.

THE BRITISH COLONIST

A. DE COSMOS, Editor.

Friday morning, June 3, 1850.
On Wednesday last Charles Aubrey Angelo, late receiver and deputy collector in the Victoria Customs House, whose arrest we noted in our last issue, was brought before Mr. Wynne (Cramley), charging him with having embezzled \$21.56 on permit No. 725, received in his capacity as receiver. Mr. Pearkes, the Crown solicitor, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Angelo for the defendant. A remand was granted until Monday next. The accused was very much affected at his unfortunate position and frequently asserted that the "trade wind" should blow him away. He intimated he was being made a sacrifice for other parties and that the truth would be known. He was observed to weep and alluded to the unfortunate position of his young family. It is a most distressing case. Public excitement on the Customs House disclosures increases every day. It is not unlikely that a commission from the Imperial government will be sent out to investigate the conduct of all the parties concerned.

Barbarous Murder.—On or about Wednesday night, Johnson, Cochran, one of the police, was barbarously murdered on the road to Craigflower, where the body was discovered lying, having received two shots, one through the head and another in the chest. The man with whom the deceased was in search of, for having stolen some pigs, is suspected. Yesterday he was arrested some seven miles from this town, toward Saanich. His name is Joseph Lewis, alias Portuguese Joe, a native of the Cape Verde Islands. He will be examined this morning. On application of Sheriff Houston, the Executive Governor Douglas has offered \$100 for the arrest and conviction of the murderer.

The attempt to introduce another member from Nanaimo into the House is such a flagrant outrage on free institutions, that we hope the gentleman nominated will show his good sense by resigning, and let the country see that British Americans place a high estimate on their own selves. In schedule A of the old Reform Bill in England, such a radically rotten borough cannot be found as Nanaimo. It is expected of independent members that they will refuse to sit, if it is insisted that Mr. Barnston must take his seat.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE CATERPILLAR INVASION.
Sir—In notice in this morning's issue of your paper a complaint from one living on Dallas road to the effect that the caterpillars are swarming in great quantities about the locality. I have accordingly this morning to look through my garden, where I have many trees of fruit, as well as ornamental trees, and I could not find any. True, it may be that they are found on the wild roses and such varieties of shrubs, but to say they are prevailing in large quantities is not so. I find that in driving through the districts adjacent to the city there are some caterpillars, but they do not appear to be as numerous as in other years; and there is no reason to circulate that such exists to an alarming extent anywhere as your informant would suggest.

G. L. MILNE.

TRAMWAY TO THE CEMETERY.

Sir—In a recent issue of the Colonist I notice that we are not likely to have the tram cars running to the cemetery for some time. It is a great pity that the street railway company and the owners of the Douglas property could not come to some terms, as such a line would prove a great boon to the traveling public. It would seem that the citizens are likely to suffer by the greed of two parties who have fared well in a way by the public. In the first instance, a large tract of land was secured by the Douglas people at no very great cost, and surely they could afford to give something to improve

Shotbolt vs. Sunburn

The Pioneer Druggist of Victoria is making a very successful fight against that most annoying of summer's trials—Sunburn. Since the introduction of Shotbolt's Cream hundreds of Victorians have used it and are willing to tell how good it is for Sunburn. It softens the skin; it speedsily removes tan, and produces a natural healthy complexion, without the aid of harmful powders. It is not a bleach or a paint, but a soothing, healing nutritive skin Food. Price 25c a bottle.

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the condition of the people even at this late date. On the other hand, the tramway has fared sumptuously at the hands of the people of Victoria; they too need not be too exacting. Therefore I hope better counsel will prevail and that some arrangement may be made so that the public convenience may be considered.

READER.

A GOOD SUGGESTION.

Sir—The palatial steamer Manuka is due from Australia ports on Tuesday evening next with nearly 500 passengers on board, many of the better class of tourists, en route to the world's fair at St. Louis. No doubt the steamer will stop here several hours. Should not Victoria make a special effort to arrange to extend hospitality on their arrival and signify that the town is wide awake? Why not arrange with the tramway company to have an "outer wharf" when the Manuka arrives? Tickets could be given all the passengers so that they might "take in" the city during their brief stay here; and no doubt this courtesy would be much appreciated. A large supply of tourist literature should be available for immediate distribution amongst the visitors. It also occurs to me that a very pretty method of welcoming our Australian comrades would be for a number of the school children to be present on the wharf with an abundance of the beautiful flowers which are now available in great quantities. Tendering the same to the numerous ladies in the party after their long ocean voyage. If this were done, I think Victoria would make a decided hit and that an excellent advertisement would be accomplished.

WIDEAWAKE.

ANNABEL LEE.

It was many and many years ago,
In a kingdom by the sea,
That a maiden there lived whom you may know
By the name of Annabel Lee;
And this maiden she lived with no other thought
Than to love and be loved by me.

I was a child and she was a child,
In this kingdom by the sea;
But we loved with a love that was more than love,
And my Annabel Lee;
With a love that the winged seraphs of heaven
Coveted her and me.
And this was the reason that, long ago,
This kingdom by the sea,
A wind blew out of a cloud, chilling
My beautiful Annabel Lee;
So that her highborn kinsmen came
And bore her away from me,
To shut her up in a sepulchre
In this kingdom by the sea.

The angels, not half so happy in heaven,
Went envying her and me;
Yes, that was the reason (as all men know,
In this kingdom by the sea)
That the wind came out of the cloud by night,
Chilling and killing my Annabel Lee.

But our love it was stronger by far than the love
Of those who were older than we;
And neither the angels in heaven above,
Nor the demons down under the sea,
Can ever dissolve my soul from the soul
Of the beautiful Annabel Lee.

For the moon never beams, without bringing me dreams
Of the beautiful Annabel Lee;
And the stars never rise, but I feel the bright
Of her eyes.
Of the beautiful Annabel Lee;
And so, all the night tide, I lie down by the side
Of my darling—my darling—my life and my bride,
In her sepulchre there by the sea,
In her tomb by the sounding sea.

—E. A. Poe.

PRESS COMMENT.

A curious coincidence is suggested respecting the application of the new Anglo-French treaty. The clause under which much doubt and loss has been expressed relates to the closing down of fishery operations "for all parties" on October 20 in each year. It has been urged by some that this relates to the French only, who on the other hand, the expression "for all persons" is taken to mean what it says, and that it will be so construed by the French. This much is certain, that the closing of the fishery for our people on the 20th of October spells disaster to them, and that they will resent to the bitter end any such sacrifice of their rights goes without saying.—St. John's, N. F., News.

Mr. R. L. Borden made a bold and statesmanlike move when he challenged the government to go to the country on the question of ownership of the Grand Trunk Pacific transcontinental line. He shall be owned as well as built by the people. The government, as has been admitted on the floor of the House repeatedly, has gone into the scheme at the instigation of a private corporation which has outlined and dictated to parliament what it wants and what it must have, adding a rider that it desired the government to be quick about it—that the promoters could not wait.—Ottawa Citizen.

The Liberal-Conservative party of Canada stands committed today to the policy of government ownership of the Grand Trunk Pacific transcontinental railway. Mr. Borden, the leader of the party, formally made the announcement in the House yesterday, and never has heard better pleased his following. The Conservative party has all along seen the great advantage to the country which would accrue from the ownership of the proposed railway by the government, which has gone so far in aiding the construction of the road—to go the short distance necessary to complete ownership. It was with much pleasure that the Conservatives learned of the attitude of their leader, an attitude which will be approved of not only by the Conservatives, but by the Independents, and by not a few Liberals.—Hamilton Spectator.

It was on May 24, 1844, that Morse sent his historic message from the rooms of the Supreme Court room. It was instantly received and immediately returned. The success was a matter of only a few words and there were scoffers who derided the invention and declared that the new toy would never become of practical use. Then came the telegraph and the Westerton road of the happenings there as rapidly as they were recorded. The line was extended slowly to Philadelphia, to New York, to Chicago, across the continent, and today, 60 years after Morse's achievement, almost a quarter of a million miles of telegraph lines in the United States alone convey messages to the remotest corners of the land. The invention proved one of the greatest of all ages in the world's development, and those who now use it as a matter of every day convenience can hardly appreciate what an important time it was a great step forward in the history of communication.—Spokane Spokesman-Review.

The intensity of the opposition to the presence and control of Chinese in the colonies is manifesting itself in British Columbia in acts of violence. On Saturday an effort was made to destroy with dynamite the buildings in which the Chinese laborers who had displaced white labor in the lumber mills at New Westminster.

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We have a large assortment of tents, bags and covers; all grades, sizes and pieces at the largest and best equipped sail loft and tent factory in the city. Call and place your orders with us for sails, tents and house flags.

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Delivery will be about July 1st. Lists will be found at the book stores and in the hands of authorized agents.

ster were housed. Violence in any form in such cases will be deprecated by all law-abiding people, but there are conditions in human life when it is resorted to seemingly as the only means left to express popular sentiment on the subject to which it is directly related. Those conditions will be manifold, and it now lies entirely with the public whether we are to go ahead or remain in our present state of dormancy. Let each ratepayer be guided by his own convictions and not by the prejudiced ideas of the ancients.—Chilliwack Progress.

PROVINCIAL PRESS.

We have heard a great deal about railroads which have ended in smoke, but we are in a position to state that an electric line will be long place us in communication with New Westminster. Such a scheme needs no recommendation. The benefits will be manifold, and it now lies entirely with the public whether we are to go ahead or remain in our present state of dormancy. Let each ratepayer be guided by his own convictions and not by the prejudiced ideas of the ancients.—Chilliwack Progress.

P. J. Hickey will start work on the Silver Cord in about two weeks. The property adjoins the Noonday above Cody. A live-ton shipment from the Horseshoe at Trout Lake netted \$777.36, an average value of \$141.50 per ton.—Kaslo Kootenai.

Messrs. Anderson, Gilbert and Hewitt of Hoxley left today for Fifteen-Mile creek to do assessment work on the Jumbo claim, on which previous assessments have exacted a large body of copper-gold ore of good grade. George Gilbert is the pioneer locator in Poplar Creek, where he owns one of the most promising groups in the camp. The stock and claims, an extension on his location sold for \$35,000. Mr. Gilbert thinks that the Similkameen has properties which are just as likely to make mines as any in Poplar Creek. He says it is likely to convince outsiders of the possibilities of this district because of the lack of railway facilities, which is interpreted by them to mean a lack of natural resources—a most unreasonable conclusion on the face of it—but very wide of the truth, as every visitor to this section can testify.—Similkameen Star.

The St. Eugene mine is now running full blast and over 250 men are employed in the mine and around the workings. The concentrator has been running double shift for several weeks and last Tuesday the finished slag was being stored. The unfinished slag will be used as soon as they are completed, when every wheel in the mills will be turning and the St. Eugene running as she never ran before. Last Monday the work of pumping out the shaft was begun. As soon as possible, men will be put to work repairing the shaft and getting ready for the resumption of work in the lower levels. Thus the St. Eugene concern is showing its good faith in the government, and the only thing necessary to secure several years of unparalleled prosperity is the extension of the land boom to ore exported from Canada.—Cranbrook Herald.

The new concentrator at Five-Mile was started up last Tuesday, the various difficulties which have postponed the commencement of operations having been overcome, and we may now confidently hope that the reduction of the ores from the mines operated by the Great Western will be increased steadily and successfully. As a good deal of importance attaches to this mill for everyone having any stake in the district, it may be of interest to describe shortly the process adopted in the Five-Mile reduction works.

Trout Lake Topics.

Hammocks, Lawn Chairs and Seats, Picnic Boxes, Ice Cream Freezers, Refrigerators, Camp Ovens, etc., at Weller Bros., Government and Broughton streets.

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The summer shirt season is on; the new styles are here. In these new shirts you will find styles and weaves, patterns and colorings to be had in no other makes. The patterns are exclusive and they're the handsomest we have ever shown. Styles are soft or stiff bosoms, with cuffs attached or separate. Soft negligees with collars attached or reversible, open front and back. Prices 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 each.

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Western Canada's Big Store.

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Half Price is the Word in the Jacket Department Today. Fifty Jackets go on Sale at This Extraordinary Reduction

\$7.50 to \$45.00 Coats Today \$3.75 to \$22.50 Each

\$2.50 and \$5.00 for Stylish Millinery. 45c for New Silks, regular 75c. More Particulars in Yesterday's Paper

THE JUNE WHITE GOODS SALE

The offerings all over the Store are remarkable. When in the store be sure and visit the Ladies' Underwear Department (second floor). See yesterday's paper for list of Today's Sales.

The New Whitewear at Saving of One-Third is Creating Lots of Interest.

We have prepared a day for children Saturday. These Saturday things it will be most decidedly your loss to miss. Every item comes just in the nick of time for popular demand.

Hundreds of Children's Dresses Will be Ready at Low Prices Saturday

Dresses of White Lawn trimmed lace, 50c, 75c, 90c, \$1.00 to \$3.65 each. Colored Dresses 75c, 90c, \$1.00, \$1.35, \$1.50 and \$2.00. Chemise from 15c, Drawers from 20c, Night Dresses from 25c.

On Saturday We Commence the Sale of White Goods in the Men and Boys' Department

\$1.25 Blouses for 75c 50c to 90c Blouses for 40c

White Muslin Blouses, trimmed embroidery, large collar and cuffs trimmed

50c, 65c, 75c and 90c Blouses 40c

Don't misunderstand us. We have not reduced every blouse at these prices to 40c, but have picked out about 50 dozen for various reasons. Some are soiled, about half are leftovers from last season and are shown for the first time Saturday.

75c per Suit for Double Thread Balbriggan Underwear

Men's White Duck Shirts Regular 75c, Friday 50c, all sizes 14½ to 17

\$1.50 Pyjamas 90c

Men's Percal Pyjamas well finished and the latest American cut 90c suit

55c

Men's white cotton nightdresses trimmed braid. Compare them with any \$1.00 gown you have purchased anywhere outside of this store. Our leader at 75c Saturday 55c.

35c and 50c Suspenders 25c

20 Dozen made from short ends of webs usually put into 50c qualities, goat and leather ends. Saturday 25c pair

Socks

At 10c Pr Black Cotton Hermsdorf dye

At 12½c Pair Black Cotton Seamless

At 15c Pair Soft Wool and Cotton Socks

At 20c Pair Wool Socks, ribbed top, usually sold at 25c.

Men's White Shirts

We have prepared some very unusual values in white laundered shirts

50c for 75c values

75c for \$1.00 values

\$1.00 for \$1.25 values

Men's White Cotton Night Dresses

Trimmed Braid, Saturday 45c each

Men's Hand-Tailored Blue Serge Suits \$10.00

Blue Serge is still the most popular

Suit for summer wear and especially for

outing purposes. We've planned a blue

serge suit with the thought of making

our clothing department the most talked

of clothing store in Victoria.

We guarantee these blue serge suits.

There are so many of the blue serge

suits of the nondescript order that fade,

croak and pull that we do not want you

to associate these suits with the ordinary

creations sold for \$10. These blue serge

suits are warranted fast colors—made of

very fine grade of worsted serge, either

in single or double breasted styles.

We'd like to have you see these suits

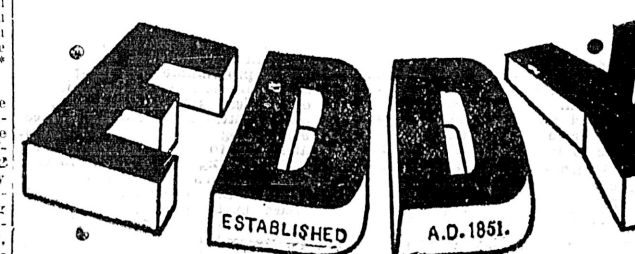
even if you do not care to buy one at

present, because they will surely impress

you as being the handsomest and best

suits ever offered for the price.

USE



Woodenware and Fibreware

James Mitchell - Agent for B. C.

Zinfandel Claret and Native Port Wine

JUST A LITTLE of these famous wines is all that is needed to demonstrate their great superiority. They make a most refined and refreshing beverage for the present hot weather, and at the same time a positive benefit to the health.

Zinfandel Claret, per bottle 25

Zinfandel Claret, per gallon 1.00

Pure Native Port Wine, per bottle 25

Pure Native Port Wine, per gallon 1.25

Ross Royal Belfast Ginger Ale, per doz. 1.75

Always on hand, a varied assortment of Imported and Local Aerated Waters. Finest Brands of French Cigars in Stock.

THE SAUNDERS GROCERY COMPANY,

Phone 28. 39 and 41 Johnson Street.

THE "WEST END" GROCERY COMPANY, Ltd

Phone 88. 42 Government Street.

PRESERVE YOUR EGGS WITH WATER GLASS.
We Will Give You Full Directions.
CYRUS H. BOWES, Chemist,
198 Govt. St., Near Yates
Phones 425 and 450.

LIME JUICE
THE BEST QUALITY
Quart Bottle 25c.
HALL & CO.
Dispensing Chemists, Clarence
Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Window Screens, all sizes, at Cheap-
side.

McClary's Famous Steel Ranges and
Stoves at Clarke & Pearson's, 17 Yates
street, Victoria.

FOTOGRAPHS.
A new display of Pictures is being
exhibited at Savannah's entrance, Pitt
Sisters' Block.

Four-ply Rubber Hose at Cheap-
side.

Remember the opening of the bank-
rupt sale on Saturday morning at the
Army & Navy Clothing Store, 117 Gov-
ernment street.

SPALDING'S
Baseball Goods
ARE THE LEADERS
JOHN BARNESLEY & CO.,
Agents
Wright & Dison Tennis Goods,
Lacrosse Sticks, etc.

ORIENTAL BAR
Very Choice of Liquors, Cigars, etc.
Only the best kept.
JOS. DUBOIS.

Victoria Transfer Coy.,
LIMITED.
Best Equipped Hack and Livery Stable in
the Province.
All Rubber-Tired Hacks and Finest
Livery Turnouts. Baggage, Furniture and
Freight handled at reasonable rates and
with despatch.
9, 21, 23, Broughton St Phone 129

See Our
High Class Mirrors
And see yourself as others see you
—AT—
B. C. Drug Store
27 Johnson Street.
J. TEAGUE, Jr.
Phone 350.

Cheap Week-end Excursions to all
parts on Terminal Railway west of
Port Guelph.

For a comfortable daylight trip to
Vancouver or Westminster, try the Ter-
minal Railway, at 7 a.m. daily.

Bankrupt Stock Sale.—The purchaser
of the bankrupt stock of the Army &
Navy Clothing Store announces the open-
ing of the big sale to commence Satur-
day morning at 9 o'clock, when they
will dispose of the entire stock of
clothing, furnishings, clothing and
Boots and Shoes.

Lawn Mowers and Lawn Sprinklers
at Cheap-side.

TO LET
No. 47 Richey St., 7 rooms and bath.
Constance Ave., 2 story, 7 rooms.
No. 31 View St., 7 rooms, modern
bath, parlour.
No. 4 Gordon St., furnished.
St. Charles St., cottage furnished.
No. 18 Michigan St., furnished.
Craigflower road, 8 rooms.
No. 102 Menzies St., 10 rooms.
Cook and Bell St., 10 rooms.
Ship Inn, Esquimalt.

P. R. BROWN, Ltd
30 BROAD STREET.

Seasonable
Underwear
and Hosiery

Our stock comprises ALL TEXTURES
and QUALITIES.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT!

Underwear

DOUBLE THREAD BALBRIGGAN.

\$1.00, \$1.75, \$2.00 the Suit.

INDIAN GAUZE.

\$1.50 the Suit.

ELASTIC RIBBED, NATURAL WOOL.

LIGHT WEIGHT.

\$2.50 the Suit.

ELASTIC RIBBED LISLE, PERFECT

FITTING.

\$3.50 the Suit.

Socks

BLACK COTTON.

2 pairs for 25c. and 20c. pair.

BLACK MERCERIZED SILK DYE.

25c. pair.

FANCY STRIPED AND SILK EM-
BOILED.

25c. pair.

W. & J. WILSON
CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND FURNISH-
ERS.
83 Government Street.

Scotch Flies and Casks
A fine new stock just opened.
Special files for Cowichan River
AT
FOX'S—28 GOV T. ST.

:: FIRE ::
INSURANCE
Are You Insured?
HEISTERMAN & CO.

Local News.

Street Paving.—An immediate start is
to be made on the work of paving
street from the corner of Wharf
Blocks have been ordered from the
Shawinigan Lake Lumber Company and
will be ready shortly.

Daughters of England.—The Daugh-
ters of England will hold their annual
service at St. Saviour's church on Sun-
day evening next. An invitation to
participate has been extended to Alexandra
Lodge, S. O. E. B. 2.

Sale of Work.—A largely attended
monthly meeting of the Ladies' Aid of
St. Paul's church, Victoria West, was
held on Wednesday last at the manse,
when complete arrangements were made
for the annual sale of work and goods
on the main grounds on Wednes-
day, the 29th inst.

Popular Pastor.—Rev. J. P. D. Knox,
formerly pastor of the Victoria West
Methodist church, has reason to feel
proud of his popularity. He has been
invited to remain for a fourth term as
Methodist pastor for that place, which
attests his deserved popularity with the
people of Greenwood. He left for home
on Tuesday evening.

Last Rites.—There was a large at-
tendance at the funeral of the late Mrs.
C. W. Ross, among the floral emblems
present being a wreath from the em-
ployees of the Albion Iron Works. Re-
ligious services were conducted by Rev.
J. P. Westman, and the following acted
as pallbearers: A. Sheret, E. Clyde,
E. Green, J. Haggart, H. Barnes and
George Watkins.

Customs Returns.—During the month
of May the value of imports as shown
by the Victoria customs returns, was
\$239,054, of which \$207,596 represented
dutiable and \$31,458 free goods. The
revenue of the month totalled \$20,742.
There being \$31,752.22 taken in duties,
\$22 from Chinese sources and \$9,202
from other sources. Domestic exports
for the month amounted to \$21,416, and
foreign exports to \$8,731.

Rock Bay Causeway.—Good progress
is being made by the tram company in
the work of constructing the causeway
at Rock Bay. The deepest part has
been filled and the whole area should be
filled inside of a fortnight. The cars
are conveying sand at the rate of over
five hundred cubic yards a day, rapidly
reducing the 12,000 yard claim which
confronted the authorities when the un-
dertaking was inaugurated.

Tram Employees' Wages.—On July
1st next a new schedule of wages for
the employees of the B. C. electric rail-
way will go into effect. Motormen,
conductors and car maintenance men will
be paid under the following schedule:
For first six months, 21c.; second
year, 22c.; third year, 23c.; fourth
and fifth years, 24c.; sixth and seventh
years, 25c.; eighth and ninth years,
26c.; after tenth year, 27c. Track-
men will be paid as follows: First year,
20c.; after first year, 22c. The in-
creased rate to the car men was advanced
on July 1st, 1905, also. Previous to
that time the rate paid was 20c., 21c.,
and 22c. In 1902 the first year's pay was
made 20c.; second and third year, 22c.;
fourth and fifth years, 23c.; and after
fifth year, 25c. Under the new schedule
the increased rate to the car men who
have been a long time in the service.

Passing of the Planks.—That the
days of the plank sidewalks in Vic-
toria are numbered is a statement which
is apparent now from the vigor in which
the council is pushing work on the as-
phalt pavements. Among the pieces
now being laid is one on Langley street,
between Yates and Belmont, and another
on Menzies, between Belleville and Su-
perior streets. It will not be long be-
fore the entire block which contains the
Parliament buildings will be bounded by
asphalt pavements. All Oday has a
notice of the council's intention of
providing that one be laid on the west
side of Bridge Walk, between Super-
ior and Michigan streets, under the
local improvement plan. The city en-
gineer says that the work on the
greater extent of the largest travelling or-
ganization in the West. Over one hun-
dred acts and novelties will be shown
this season—acrobats, aerialists, gym-
nasts, postmen, jugglers, conjurers,
athletes, trained animals, menagerie,
royal Roman races, big game and a
congress of novelties makes complete
an entertainment of rare delight. No
increased charges will be made on ac-
count of the increased size of the show.
Norris and Rowe wisely believing that
the increased attendance is a better ad-
vertising medium than increasing the
cost of admission.

Troop of Spion Kop.—Gunnery In-
structor Yates is among the latest ar-
rivals in the city with the intention of
residing here permanently. He had the
distinguished honor of participating in
the gruesome event at Spion Kop in
South Africa during the progress of
the late Boer war. Referring to the
storming of the heights Gunnery In-
structor Yates explains that it was neces-
sary for the British to pass over an open space
swept by the bullets of the enemy, who
were strongly entrenched at points of
vantage. Accompanying him in the at-
tack were twenty-five soldiers, but before
the Boers had been forced to retire the
party was nearly annihilated. While
climbing in the face of a deadly fire no
less than nineteen had been struck down
leaving but six to answer the roll call
after the battle. Gunnery Yates held his
position throughout the encounter, al-
though he was falling on all sides.
He did not, however, altogether escape
being stricken with enteric fever at
most immediately after, which neces-
sitated his removal from active service.

Deaf Improvements.—Many impor-
tant improvements are being made to
the Deaf by Manager Harrison, and
the hotel is fast regaining its old-time
popularity. He says that he has
now the best band and all in the
city. He has introduced a higher shop
on the office floor. The Indian cer-
emony recently provided has been
meeting with general favor, judging by
the patronage which it has been receiv-
ing. Eight simple rooms have just been
opened for the convenience of com-
mercial men. The kitchen and pantry have
been renovated; the upstairs is to be
improved and the dining room is to be
all reapered. Manager Harrison is
much pleased with the outlook. He says
business is increasing all the time, and
to the people of Victoria he is most
grateful for the treatment they have
accorded him.

Comer at Last.—The long-lost look-
alike of the Army & Navy
Clothing Store. The doors will be open-
ed at 9 o'clock Saturday morning, as
announced by advertisement on the
third page of this morning's paper. The
store will contain a complete stock of
large and complete stock of Gents' Fur-
nishings, Boots and Shoes, etc., has
been disposed of.

MADE IN CANADA
Is Good.
MADE IN B. C.
Is Better.
& Flavoring Extracts
Are the Best.
Prepared by
Henderson Bros., Ltd.
Wholesale Druggists,
Victoria and Vancouver, B. C.

A Trade Opening.—Mr. Stephen
Jones, proprietor of the Dominion hotel,
is of the opinion that an opening exists
in Victoria for the manufacture of
rustic furniture. Several parties have
of late been enquiring if such could be
purchased here, and so far as known
he is at present engaged in that
business.

The Collectorship.—It is understood
that R. L. Drury, M. P., has very
recently received a letter from the
Ottawa government of the position
of collector of customs at the port of
Victoria. The belief is held by well-
informed parties that Mr. Drury's ap-
pointment will be gazetted at an early
date.

Marine Men's Banquet.—Marine un-
derwriters of Seattle and other Sound
cities, and of Vancouver and Victoria
will hold a general business meeting and
banquet on the evening of June 24. A
committee to arrange for the same was
appointed at the meeting of the Marine
Underwriters' Association of the Pacific
and the Northwest, which body which was or-
ganized last week.

Splendid Donation.—The secretary of
the Lighthouse Club is again in receipt
of the gratifying correspondence from
the old country, but the most note-
worthy at this moment is a letter in-
forming that a gentleman of the most
distinguished order of St. Michael and
St. George has sent a hundred pounds
sterling, as he says, "to help to carry
out the scheme."

Sunday Sports.—For some time past
the Indian teams of Saanich and sur-
rounding districts have been playing
baseball on Sunday. Only this week
the Indians played the Sidney team on
the village green. Members of the Meth-
odist church of that district intend do-
ing their utmost to stop to this dis-
respect of the Sabbath, and the under-
standing they have already made a
strong protest to those in authority.

Musical Exams.—In Watt's music
hall on June 30 and July 1, from 9 a.m.
to 12 noon, the University of Toronto
examinations in music will be held. Dr.
Albert Ham, of Toronto, will conduct
the practical examinations in piano,
papers in theory, and on the organ.
Mrs. A. T. Watt, local representative
of the university, and the examination
in theory will be held at the same time
and place.

Nanaimo Gas Company.—The annual
meeting of the Nanaimo Gas Company
took place at the office of the com-
pany, Nanaimo on Saturday last.
The annual statement and report of the
directors were read and approved by
the shareholders. The report and an-
nual statement showed a good surplus on
the year's operations. Dr. Milne was
elected president, Thomas Shottell vice
president and W. K. Leighton secretary
and treasurer.

Work at James Bay.—Immediate
completion of the James Bay is near-
ing. The balcony overlooking
the street, having been completed, the
retaining wall is rapidly nearing com-
pletion and it is expected that ten days
will witness the finishing touches, in-
cluding the installation of the lamps.
With this completed the wall will be
battered for all time, while its ap-
pearance will be markedly enhanced.
The dredger is at work in the harbor
and mud is again being deposited ready
for the King Edward dredge, which is
expected down from New Westminster
shortly.

Practical Visit.—At the meeting of
Court Victoria, A. O. F., held June
1st, a fraternal visit was paid by Court
Vancouver, and a very enjoyable even-
ing was spent with songs, recitations
and refreshments, the following con-
tributing to the programme: C. R. Bro.
speech, Bro. J. J. Richards, song;
Bro. Callow, song; C. R. Bro. Brown,
speech; Bro. Gibbs, piano solo; Bro.
Manson, recitation.

Pigeon Competition.—The Victoria
Homing Association has decided to hold
a flying competition between birds
owned by members some time towards
the end of the month or early in July.
Nothing has been decided as yet, but
the contest will be a very interesting
one, and the members are anxious to see
whether they have any specially speedy
birds. All birds must be taken part
in the forthcoming competition, and at-
tend the next meeting of the association,
which will be held at the same place on
Wednesday, the 14th inst. Full infor-
mation may be obtained from Secretary
Loring, who invites a call from all in-
terested.

Crowd From Australia.—The steam-
ship Manuka, the crack new liner of
the Union Steamship Company of New
Zealand, is expected to reach Victoria
on Tuesday next with the greatest
number of passengers ever brought from
Australia by any one steamer. Mr. E.
H. Brown, assistant general agent of
the Union Steamship Company, and
Pacific coast, received a cablegram from
Honolulu announcing that the Manuka
called there on Tuesday night. After
a short stay at the Hawaiian port, she
sailed, her voyage and which she
left had 121 passengers on board.
Given that the Manuka makes schedule
time to this coast, she is due here on
Friday next. She is the clipper liner
of the fleet to which she belongs, and
is rated as easily good for 17 knots
during her entire passage from the south-
ern seas.

Deaf Improvements.—Many impor-
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the Deaf by Manager Harrison, and
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J. A. SAYWARD
ROCK BAY, VICTORIA, B. C.
Sashes and Doors and Wood Work
OF ALL KINDS.
Rough and Dressed Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Etc.

ICE
We are prepared to supply to private con-
sumers and the trade PURE ICE, manu-
factured from distilled water. Telephone
orders will receive our prompt attention.
THE B. WILSON CO., LTD.
TELEPHONE 44.

Successfully Deposited.—The secre-
tary of the Fish and Game Club yester-
day received word from the Hon.
J. B. Seward, inspector of fisheries,
that he had successfully deposited 50,000
trout fry at Shawinigan lake. This was
done with a loss of only seven per
cent.

Extending Street.—At Monday even-
ing's meeting of the city council Ald.
Oddy will present a motion providing
for the extension of Bridge Walk
from Michigan street to Carr street,
and the expropriation of all land nec-
essary, the whole work to be carried
out on the local improvement plan.

Off for Rossland.—Messrs. S. W.
Reid, Livingstone, P. W. Dempster,
T. M. Grayshaw, W. Huxtable, J.
Bell, Hubbard and T. Booz, delegates
to the grand lodge, I. O. O. F., will
leave tomorrow night for Rossland,
where they will participate in the an-
nual meeting, which opens there on
Wednesday.

At a Ripe Age.—The death occurred
yesterday morning at the family resi-
dence, No. 11 Bodwell street, of Mrs.
Joseph Atack. Deceased was a native
of Yorkshire, England, and 69 years of
age. She leaves three daughters and
two sons to mourn her loss. The funeral
has been arranged to take place tomor-
row afternoon. Religious services will
be conducted by Rev. J. McCoy.

Excursion to B. C.—The gratifying
announcement is made that the C. P.
R. officials have under advisement the
question of operating a settlers' excur-
sion from Manitoba and the Northwest
to British Columbia. A communication
was received from the C. P. R. offi-
cials, asking the permission of the
settlers' association to operate the ex-
cursion. It is altogether likely that the
company will carry out this plan in or-
der to facilitate the trend of immigra-
tion westward.

Settlers Coming.—R. M. Palmer,
provincial commissioner of freight rates,
is of the opinion that an influx of set-
tlers from the Northwest will commence
in about a week. They are principally
looking for small farms, and many are
destined for the Okanagan, which is now
becoming celebrated far and wide for its
productiveness. Quite a number are
coming here, and Mr. Palmer mentions
as an instance the recent purchase of a
property a few miles outside the city by
a gentleman from Australia.

Trout for Sooke.—Early next week
200,000 trout fry will be sent from the
Dominion hatcheries and placed in the
Highland and Sooke lakes. There are
three of the former bodies of water,
and at least one of the latter, which will
be supplied with fish, the sport has
cently been exceedingly poor. It is,
therefore, gratifying to learn that the
lakes are to be replenished. The reason
for the poor sport is the lack of alter-
ing to deposit some in Sooke, in or-
der to increase the number of fish, but,
by the introduction of new blood, to in-
crease the size of the present trout.

Quarters for Patrol Wagon.—Building
Inspector Northcott has reported on
certain alterations required in the old
fire hall, adjoining the police station,
to convert it into quarters for the patrol
wagon, which is under construction at
Meston's carriage factory. The report
states that new entrances, a stall, kal-
soining and painting the interior and
other improvements would cost about
two hundred and fifty dollars. It also
reported that the extension of the de-
tectives' office by adding the space oc-
cupied by a cell would cost about one
hundred dollars. The police commission-
er decided to defer the latter improve-
ment, but retained the matter of alter-
ing the old fire hall to the favorable
consideration of the council.

Special Prizes.—Following are addi-
tional special prizes for the fall fair:
\$15, first prize; Ogilvie's Four Miles
Company, for best loaf of homemade
bread from Ogilvie's Royal household
flour; \$10, second prize, Ogilvie's Flour
House, for best loaf of homemade
bread from Ogilvie's Royal household
flour; \$5, third prize, Ogilvie's Flour
House, for best loaf of homemade
bread from Ogilvie's Royal household
flour. Box Rowley's Water Colors,
value \$2.50, J. N. Hibben & Co., for
best water color drawing by girl or boy
under 10. One set mathematical instru-
ments, value \$2.50, J. N. Hibben & Co.,
for best map of the Dominion of Can-
ada by a boy or girl under 16. Daily
Colonist for one year and Semi-Weekly
Colonist for one year, Colonist Printing
and Publishing Company. Two cases
tramping powder, value \$12.50, Ham-
ilton Powder Co.

Success Assured.—There seems
every reason for believing that the
forthcoming fall fair under the auspices
of the Victoria Fair Association will be
a huge success. The citizens have re-
sponded very liberally with their
contributions. It is an-
nounced that exactly \$2,738.50 was
collected. With the addition of the \$2,000
apportioned to the fair by the govern-
ment this makes a total in the neigh-
borhood of \$5,000 available for the ap-
proaching exhibition. Besides this there
is, of course, an income from the gate
receipts and numerous incidental in-
comes, given for the fair. The weather,
there is every indication that the show
will be the success wished for by all
those who have at heart the interests of
Victoria.

Pretty Church Wedding.—The first
of the anticipated long list of June
weddings of note took place yesterday
afternoon at 3 o'clock at Christ Church
Cathedral, when Dr. J. W. Nelson Shep-
herd, eldest son of the late C. S. Shep-
herd, and the altar Miss Alice Mar-
jorie Wollaston, eldest daughter of
Percy Wollaston, jun., in the presence
of a fashionable assemblage, constitu-
ing the more intimate friends of the
bride and groom, were united in mar-
riage. The ceremony was performed by
the Bishop of Columbia, assisted by
Archdeacon Seriven, the ushers for the occasion
being Mr. J. E. Virtue and Mr. H.
Bartchell. The bride was attired in a
very handsome costume of duchesse
satin and chiffon and cream silk, with
Cluny lace trimmings, and carried a
beautiful shower bouquet of white roses,
carnations and orange blossoms, the gift
of the groom. Miss Josephine Wollas-
ton, the bridesmaid, wore cream silk
with chiffon yoke and sleeves. She car-
ried a bouquet of pink roses and car-
nations, also the gift of the groom. Mr.
Phil Austin supported the bride, and
the conclusion of the ceremony the wed-
ding party repaired to Woodland,
the residence of the bride's father, where a
reception was held from 4 to 6 p.m.
The bride was greeted by a large
wedded pair under a strikingly beautiful
bell device cleverly contrived with flow-
ers of the richest variety. During the
evening Dr. and Mrs. Shepherd pro-
ceeded to the home of the bride at
Cowichan, where the honeymoon will be
spent, on the conclusion of which they
will occupy their residence on Verinder
avenue.

5 1/2 ACRES Near City
LIMITS
Cultivated in Fruit and Orchard.
Seven-room
Cottage \$2,500
Four acres near city limits, 7 room cot-
tage, orchard, balance cultivated, \$3,200.

E. A. Harris & Co.
35 Port Street.

Jail Supplies.—R. F. John, warden
of the provincial jail, is calling for
tenders, which will be received up to
July 1st next, for the supply of gro-
ceries, clothing etc., for the institution.

Smallpox at Blaine.—Word comes
from Blaine that smallpox has again
broken out in that city, three children in
one family having contracted the dread
disease. The result of the fresh small-
pox scare in Blaine will put the Cana-
dian government to considerable expense,
for it means a close watch of all pas-
sengers crossing the line.

Cases in Chambers.—In Chambers
yesterday morning, before Mr. Justice
Drake, only three applications were
heard. One was for security of costs
of appeal in Richards vs. Williams et
al; the amount fixed was \$150. In
Townsend vs. B. C. Cold Storage Com-
pany, application was for a concurrent
writ for service out of jurisdiction. An
order was made calling for an appear-
ance three weeks after service. The
third application was for the appoint-
ment of a guardian for Ivan Creed,
an infant child. The appointment fell
to W. J. Taylor.

Travel Increasing.—The indications
are that travel will be good from Cal-
ifornia this year. Information from Los
Angeles is to the effect that many of
the ministers attending the Methodist
conference in that city will pay Vic-
toria a visit on their return trip. To-
day the first Raymond excursionists of
the year are expected to arrive from
the South. In the party are twenty-
three people. They have been visiting in
southern California, and according to
their itinerary, they will spend three
or four days in Victoria, returning home
over the C. P. R. The party is in
charge of C. A. Cook and A. O.
Hevitt, and was organized at Grand
Canyon. Another Raymond party of
23 members is due on Saturday. Both
will unite here before proceeding over-
land.

The Victoria Edition of Prayer and
Hymn at one-half price at Hibben &
Co.

Rich, Crisp, Three-in-one Ramsay's
Empire Cream Sodas; large tin 25c.
net. Watson & Hall, Family Grocers,
Yates street.

Fruit Sugar. The latest thing out.
In neat, natty 10-lb. sacks, filled at
the refinery and not opened again till
they reach the consumer. Try a sack;
others bound to follow.

Dr. Jameson of India, phrenologist
and magnetic healer, 111 Pandora
street. Office hours from 10 to 12; 1
to 8 p.m.

The Westminster Magazine, contain-
ing Miss Cameron's article, "Historical
Landmarks of Victoria," now on sale
at the Victoria Book and Stationery
Company, Limited.

Four carloads of the finest furniture
ever imported has been received during
this month by Weiler Bros., Govern-
ment street. This means large choice
and low prices.

Another interesting consignment of
Rovers Bros. 1847 Silver Plate, the kind
that wears like real silver, just re-
ceived by Weiler Bros., Government
and Broughton streets.

Sunday, June 5th.—A delightful trip
through the islands of the Gulf of
Funder Island, made by V. & S. railway
and steamer Iroquois. A stopover of
three hours will be made at Mayne Is-
land.

Metal Bedsteads are very popular,
and no wonder when such artistic cre-
ations as Messrs. Weiler Bros. are show-
ing are placed on the market. They
have just received a carload in Iron
and Brass in the very latest designs.

Five-quire packages of note paper for
25c. See our window, Hibben & Co.

Just drop in and see the magnifi-
cent showing of Pressed Glass we have.
Exact reproductions of Cut Glass at
one-tenth the cost at Weiler Bros.

Now is a good time to get your work
in with a Seythe. Good heavy back
Seythes \$1.00 each; Smiths, Secs; Stones,
10c. and 25c.; Rakes, 25c.; Grass Hooks,
25c.; at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Doug-
las street.

What clerk or laboring man who
spends twenty cents a day for tobacco
and beer ever dreams that the amount
saved would give him nearly twenty
thousand dollars to make his old age
happy (fifty years at six per cent.) Do
not expect to get anything worth hav-
ing without some sacrifice. The only
good time coming is what we are mak-
ing for ourselves. Poverty destroys
liberty, which cannot be by V. & S. railway
this great free country are not all free
men, and every dollar added to the sav-
ings fund means one step more towards
freedom. Take the first step at once
by opening a savings account with the
B. C. Permanent Loan & Savings Com-
pany, 23 Government street, Victoria,
B. C.

TEA
MONARCH BRAND.....30 cts
Five Pounds at....26 cts
Ten Pounds at....25 cts
Hardress Clarke, - 86 Douglas Street.

WEDDING PRESENTS
See our stock of beautiful
CUT GLASS, TEA SERVICES
and other useful and elegant
articles in STERLING SILVER
and SILVER PLATE, FISII and
DESSERT KNIVES and FORKS
in polished oak cases, and
numerous other pieces suitable
for presentation; all of the
best quality and at moderate
prices.
C. E. REDFERN
43 Government St.
Established 1862. Phone 118.

AT CHEAPSIDE
Screen Doors\$1.50
Window Screens30
Fish Globes35
Bird Cages85
Good Lawn Mower5.50
Ninety-Seven-piece Dinner Set7.00
Fifty Feet Rubber Hose5.00
Lawn Sprinklers1.50
MAJESTIC RANGES ARE THE BEST.
Geo. Powell & Co.
127 Government St.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry.

Time Table No. 50

| Northbound. | Southbound. | Northbound. | Sat. Sun. | Southb'nd | |
|----------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|-----------|----------|
| Leave. | Daily. Arrive. | Leave. | and Wed. | Arrive. | |
| | A.M. | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. | |
| Victoria | 9:00 | 12:06 | Victoria | 4:00 | 7:55 |
| Shawnigan Lake | 10:29 | 1:46 | Shawnigan Lake | 5:17 | 6:46 |
| Bunceis | 11:30 | 2:49 | Bunceis | 6:55 | 7:55 |
| Ladysmith | 11:57 | 3:10 | Ladysmith | 6:45 | 5:00 |
| Nanaimo | 12:10 | 3:20 | Nanaimo | 7:37 | 4:15 |
| Ar. Wellington | 12:23 | Lv. 8:20 | Ar. Wellington | 7:52 | Lv. 4:00 |

In a Class by Itself

"LORD TENNYSON"

CIGAR

Manufactured by S. DAVIS & SONS,
Montreal.**Fishery Question
To Be Discussed****British Columbia Delegates Are
to Leave Soon For
Ottawa.****Invitation to Conference on Subject
Came From Dominion
Government.**

For some time negotiations have been going on between the provincial and Dominion authorities looking to a settlement of the long-drawn-out fisheries question. The British Columbia government has been insistent upon a settlement, and it is understood that pressure has been brought to bear upon the Ottawa government by the other maritime provinces.

It is well known that the fisheries question formed part of the resolutions made by the several delegations that went from this province to Ottawa. Hon. Mr. Prefontaine definitely promised to come to British Columbia personally to enquire into the whole matter, but the exigencies of the political situation and pressure of departmental business no doubt prevented him. At all events he did not come, and now, as the result of further pressure on the part of the premier, an invitation has been received from Sir Wilfrid Laurier to send a delegation to Ottawa for a conference on the subject.

This has been accepted, and Hon. E. J. Fulton, provincial secretary, and Mr. S. P. Bawcock, deputy commissioner of fisheries, will leave in a few days for Ottawa.

It is quite probable that the provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island will also be represented and that an effort will be made to settle the question once for all with all the provinces.

The matter is one of great importance to British Columbia, and it is hoped that the result of the conference will be mutually satisfactory to province and Dominion.

**NOTICES IN THE
OFFICIAL GAZETTE****A Few Appointments—Claims of
E. & N. Settlers
Granted.**

In yesterday's issue of the Provincial Gazette notification is given of the following appointments:

John Flewin of Port Simpson, S. M., government agent, to be gold commissioner for the Yukon Territory; and Mr. J. H. Bawcock, deputy registrar of births, deaths and marriages for the Skeena River mining division.

Frederick A. Barnes of Mount Pleasant, Vancouver, to be a commissioner for taking affidavits in the Supreme Court, for the purpose of settling under the Provincial Elections Act, in the Vancouver City electoral district during the year 1904.

Edmund J. Thain of Atlin, mining recorder, to be district registrar of the Atlin registry of the Supreme Court and registrar of the County Court of Vancouver, holden at Atlin, vice Mr. E. M. N. Woods, resigned.

James A. Fraser of Atlin, S. M., government agent, to be a magistrate under the Small Debts Act, for the Atlin judicial division, vice Mr. E. M. N. Woods, resigned.

William Workman of Kingston, Ontario, M. D., to be assistant medical superintendent of the hospital for the insane, at New Westminster, vice Dr. C. E. Doherty, resigned.

Field Tolland of Quesnel, to be clerk and general assistant to the agency at Quesnel, vice Mr. G. E. Stephenson.

Notice is given that the Imperial Academy of Sciences at St. Petersburg offers a reward for information which may lead to the discovery of Baron Toll's Polar expedition. Baron Toll, chief of the Polar expedition sent out by the Academy of Sciences, left the Bennett Island, lying between New Siberia, on February 29, 1902, taking a southern direction. He was accompanied by the astronomer Seeborg and two Yakouts: Vasily Gorkhlov, with the surname Chibrik, and Nikolai Froelich, with the surname Onok. The party seems to have been carried away by the ice. As the researches hitherto made have been in vain, the Academy of Sciences has decided to reward the discoverer of the fate of the expedition, or any part of it, and a reward of two thousand five hundred rubles for giving the first exact information of tracing the party.

Notice is given that the under mentioned tracts of land, situated in Nanaimo and Oyster districts, have been surveyed, and the plans of the same can be seen at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, and at the office of the Commissioner of Lands and Works.

Lot 601—David Hogan, application for crown grant under the Vancouver Settlers' Rights Act, 1901. Date of application, 24th September, 1903.

Lot 76—George McGregor, application for crown grant under the Vancouver Settlers' Rights Act, 1901. Date of application, 3rd August, 1903.

The Canadian Development Company, Limited, having gone into voluntary liquidation, and having appointed Mr. W. Broadrick-Cloete of London, England, their liquidator, notice is given that the creditors of the above named company and any persons having claims against the said company, having its head office in the city of Victoria, are, on or before the first day of October, 1904, to send by post (prepaid) to Bodwell & Lawson, solicitors for the said liquidator, the full particulars verified by oath of their claims and the nature and amount of securities, if any, held by them, and the specified value of such securities, or in default thereof they will be presumed to be extended from the benefits of said winding up.

A meeting of the officers of the Fifth Regiment was held on the 29th inst. last night, with the colonel in the chair. The business done consisted in arranging various details of the camp, and everything is now in readiness. The regiment will march into camp Sunday, in accordance with receipt. Instructions from Ottawa, the members of the band will be attached to the different companies of the regiment—so many in each company. This new arrangement will mean any change in the personnel of the band, but will enable each bandman to draw gunner's pay.

SPORTING NEWS.**BASEBALL.****The B. C. (Victoria) Team.**

The British Columbia team of Victoria practically is now organized and will play the first match on the Caledonia grounds next Saturday with the Rainiers, a very strong organization of Seattle.

Tuesday is now in the Sound city collecting three men to complete the team. Those who will play are: Tredway, McManus, Emerson, Erle, Holness and Wood. If the three new men are as good as the six named, the team is a power strong one, and should be able to hold its own in most of the company it is likely to be in.

The professional trio—Tredway, Emerson and Erle—have made many friends since they joined the local club, and have received many promises of support in their new venture. Saturday's game will commence at 2:30 p.m. The grand stand will be free to ladies and all the exigencies of the game will be made for the admission of vehicles.

Both teams, in uniform, will parade the principal streets prior to the game, headed by the Fifth Regiment band.

ATHLETICS.**The J. B. A. A. Field Sports.**

Intending competitors at the J. B. A. A. field sports, to be held at the Driving Park on June 11, are now being secured by Mr. H. E. Hobbs, or at the club house. Arrangements have been made for putting the track in first-class shape.

Seven aspirants for the honors already are in training for the meeting, members of the association utilizing the track behind the tennis courts. Putting the weight, pole-jumping and hurdle racing have each their devotees.

THE TURF.**Derby Results.**

The Colonist tip for the Derby was not quite accurate, but it included two of the horses placed, which is pretty fair. It correctly discounted the chances of Government winning, although M. Blane's horse started a hot favorite, but the error of judgment occurred over St. Amant, who turned out as good a stayer as John O'Gaun, who possibly did not get as good a start as Mr. Rothschild's horse. The Associated Press despatch says St. Amant took the lead and kept it all the way, but there are few particulars given. Henry the First, tipped for second place in this paper, is not mentioned and may not have started. So soon as English exchanges arrive further particulars of the race will be given.

AMERICAN DERBY.

Chicago, June 2.—Bear Catcher, one of the California candidates for the American Derby, made his debut on Chicago tracks in the second race at Hawthorne today, and made good by winning handsily by nearly two lengths. Sentriers, backed from 100 to 1 to 1, finished second, half a length in front of New Moon Hay. Two second choices and three outsiders divided first honors in the five races. Weather clear and cool.

THE RIFLE.**The Bisley Party.**

There is still a chance that British Columbia will be represented at the Bisley party. Staff-Sergeant Ferris, of the B. C. O. regiment, is 23rd man on the list, so there are only two between him and the coveted place.

THE RING.**McLendon Beats Abe Attell.**

St. Louis, Mo., June 2.—Jack McLendon, of Pittsburg, was given the decision over Abe Attell, of New York, at the end of a 15-round bout here tonight.

LACROSSE.**To Play or Not to Play?**

The Vancouver News-Advertiser says: "The only topic in lacrosse circles now is the coming match in New Westminster on June 11th between the Vancouver and New Westminster teams. It has been rumored that the latter club will not play, but this report is without confirmation, and the talk of the Royal City club withdrawing from the B. C. A. L. A. is not thought to be true. The New Westminster club have always taken childish stands as the occasion might arise, but there is no getting around the fact that New Westminster would be the loser of the athletic world if they refused to play lacrosse on the banks of the Fraser. The national game has been a great revenue producer at the annual exhibition held in New Westminster, and without such great attractions few people would journey from this city."

The local club will train hard from now until the 11th, and they will go on the field in the best of shape. Judging from reports they are doing no practicing in New Westminster, but they will be like Rip Van Winkle and wake up some day."

MAY TURN PROFESSIONALS.

The senior lacrosse clubs of the Montreal Amateur Lacrosse Union will be driven into professionalism this season. In fact, all except those that played in the intermediate and junior ranks will probably be professional in a short time.

From a Canadian Amateur Athletic Union point of view, the game in the Canadian Lacrosse Association district is professional now. If Brantford should play any of the men who have been professionalized by the Canadian Amateur Athletic Union, or should play against a C. L. A. team, which has on its roster one of the suspended men, they would fall under the ban of the Athletic Union, and if the Shamrocks then played against Brantford, they would also be technically professionalized.

The question now is, will the Canadian Amateur Athletic Union take cognizance of such doings, if they happen, and they are likely to happen, or will they wait until some official complaint is made by some one?

If the Canadian Amateur Athletic Union takes action, it is now stated, the majority of the clubs of the National Amateur Lacrosse Union will defy the Athletic Union, as has been done by the Canadian Lacrosse Association, and they will virtually become out and out professionals.

At or during the course of the meeting of the National Amateur Lacrosse Union at the St. Lawrence hall, on Saturday evening last, a prominent lacrosse magnate said:

"The Canadian Amateur Athletic Union interfere with the Brantford-Shamrock games for the Athletic cup, it will simply mean that the Shamrocks, Cornwallis, Nationals and Capitals will refuse to recognize the Athletic Union as a power in the future and will virtually turn professional."

Mr. W. Foran, of the Capitals, said: "The Capitals are anxious to take no hand in any Minto cup discussion if they can by any means keep out of it. But a meeting of the Shamrocks and the Brantfords is the beginning of the end."

"The Shamrocks, I think, will undoubtedly play, and then we can see what the C. A. A. U. will say. I am quite satisfied that the result can only be a wonderful change. Last year we tried hard to have the game on an honest professional basis, but the N. A. L. U. could not see it and action on the Shamrock-Brantford game will bring matters to a focus if the C. A. A. U. cannot see one of their teams play against a team, many members of whom have been professionalized, and not take action. The time is steadily coming when my notion for recognition of professionals will have to come."

Toronto Varsity Lost. Philadelphia, Pa., June 2.—The Swarthmore College lacrosse team today won the intercollegiate lacrosse championship of America by defeating the University of Toronto team by a score of 4 to 2.

PERSONALS.

C. D. Rand, of Vancouver, came down on the Princess Victoria yesterday evening.

P. Buscomb, president of the Vancouver Board of Trade, is in the city.

David Spencer, son, returned yesterday evening from a business visit to the Mainland.

J. McGillivray came down from the Mainland yesterday evening.

C. A. Holland, of the B. C. Land & Investment Agency, returned from the Mainland yesterday evening.

Rev. E. G. Miller was a passenger from the Sound by the Princess Beatrice yesterday afternoon.

Capt. E. J. Palmer, of Cheltenham, is in the city, a guest at the Driford.

John Elliott, the well-known Nelson barrister, is in the city.

B. D. Holcomb, of the Yreka Mining Company, of Tacoma, came over from the Sound by the Rosalie yesterday morning.

Registered at the Hotel Victoria are: G. O. Smith, J. W. Phillips, Seattle; B. O. Hemming, Chicago; J. H. White, Vancouver; W. P. Lockwood, Tacoma; J. Albert Dalton, Sherbrooke; W. C. Lawrence, Vancouver.

Burt A. Blackwell, commission agent of Vancouver, came over last night and is registered at the Dominion hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Mand, of London and Arthur W. Somnathall, of Bradford, Eng., are at the Driford.

F. J. Dickenson, of Cranbrook, came over from the Mainland last evening. He reports that things generally are flourishing in his section of the country. He is staying at the Dominion.

J. S. Danner, of San Francisco, and John H. Hulbert, of the "Sea," arrived at the Vernon hotel yesterday.

W. C. Laurence, of Vancouver; J. Albert Dalton, of Sherbrooke; W. P. Lockwood, of Tacoma; B. Hemming, of Chicago, and G. O. Smith and J. W. Phillips, of Seattle, registered at the Victoria yesterday.

H. S. Lively, of Seattle is at the Vernon.

C. D. Rand, the Vancouver real estate man, is at the Driford.

The following registered at the Driford yesterday: Edmund M. Levy, L. S. Shomberger and Arthur Heine, New York; R. N. Riddle, Nelson; Albert Price and Charles P. P. Kellogg, Boston; Mrs. J. M. Britts and Miss Munnay, Los Angeles; Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Grochey, Decatur, Ill.; Arthur W. Stevens, Boston; Frederick Newcombe, Vancouver; H. M. Burnett, Vancouver; W. R. Angus, Montreal; J. Madigan, Vancouver.

PROVINCIAL GAOL AT VICTORIA.

TENDERS endorsed "Gaol Supplies" for the supply of Groceries, Bread, Beef, Clothing and Coal for the use of the said Gaol, to be delivered to the day of July next to the 30th of June 1904, will be received by the undersigned up to Monday, the 20th June. Samples of Groceries, Clothing, etc., can be seen at the Gaol, Topaz Avenue. Tenders to state price of Coal per ton of 2,000 pounds.

All supplies to be delivered at the Gaol as required without extra charge. All supplies required for use in this contract to be of Provincial manufacture as far as practicable.

Forms of tender will be supplied on application to the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

R. F. JOHN, Warden.

June 2, 1904.

WHEN A SORE THROAT WON'T HEAL

Because of its power to heal raw, flaming flesh, to allay the inflammation and stop the dreadful itching, Dr. Chase's Ointment has a world-wide reputation. If you have become discouraged by the failure of other treatments, put Dr. Chase's Ointment to the test. Like thousands of others, you will be surprised and delighted with the results.

DINNEFORD'S
The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

Safest and most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

DINNEFORD'S
MAGNESIA

MAGNESIA

MAGNESIA

MAGNESIA

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MAGNESIA

New York: W. J. Cummings, Chicago; and F. J. Gillespie, Vancouver.
Dr. L. T. Seavey, the quarantine officer of Port Townsend is at the Dominion hotel.

LANDS FOR SETTLERS.**President Roosevelt Issues Proclamation Opening Reservations.**

Washington, June 2.—President Roosevelt today signed a proclamation providing for the opening of the ceded lands of the Devil's Lake Indian reservation in North Dakota. The land is to be disposed of by a registration and drawing similar to that provided for the opening of the ceded land of the Rosebud reservation in South Dakota by recent proclamation. The Devil's Lake Indian reserve contains about 88,000 acres of land, of which approximately 550 homestead entries may be made. The registration will be made at Devil's Lake and Grand Forks, North Dakota, and will begin August 1st and run until August 20th. The drawing will be held at Devil's Lake beginning August 24th. The entries must be made with the Devil's Lake land office, and will begin at 2 o'clock September 6th and will proceed for sixty days. The proclamation reserves 1,533 acres for the Forest Toston school, and so makes reservations for the Protestant Episcopal church, the Lutheran Presbyterian church, the Wood Lake Presbyterian church, the mission of the Sisters of Charity, the St. Michael's church and St. Jerome's church.

Marine Iron Works
VICTORIA, B. C.
ANDREW GRAY Proprietor
Engineers, Founders,
Boilermakers, Etc.
Telephone 681 Res. Telephone 100

THE BON TON

Silk Co.
Late of Douglas Street, will now be found in their new premises,
156 GOVERNMENT ST.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR MADE TO ORDER.
Call and examine goods.

Teacher and Healer

Weak lungs, bronchitis, loss of appetite, anemia, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, uric acid rheumatism, obesity, spinal weakness, indigestion, delicate children, made robust and strong. Apply at room 2, Metropolitan building, upstairs. Consultation hour from 11 to 12:30; also from 5 to 6 p.m.

FISH TRAPS

A. R. Barrow, A. M. I. C. E., Provincial Land Surveyor, having a seagoing steam launch in a position to undertake sounding, staking and surveying foreshore leases for the above. Fishtrap supplies furnished on credit. Address Sidney, B.C.

Tomato Plants

— and —
Bedding Plants
JAY & CO.,
Store 13 Broad St. Phone 1024.

FOR SALE

Two lots and New House, containing 7 large rooms and reception hall. Modern conveniences, beautifully situated near Beacon Hill Park. Easy terms. Will be sold at a bargain.

Moore & Whittington, Contractors.
Phone A750. 159 Yates St.

Victoria Sail Loft, Tent and Awning Factory

TENTS
Bastion Sq. opp. Prov. Court. **AWNINGS**
First and Most Convenient Tent Factory in Victoria—Run by Electric Power Since 1890.

TENTS, FLIES, AWNINGS, hammocks, flags and camp furniture at bottom prices. Modern conveniences, beautifully situated near Beacon Hill Park. Easy terms. Will be sold at a bargain. Everything guaranteed as sold.

Superfluous Hair :: ::

Removed permanently with or without electricity by the **FACIAL MASSAGE AND SCALP** treatment, with or without electricity.

Mrs. C. Kosche,
Hair Dressing Parlors
55 DOUGLAS ST.

Corticelli**SPOOL SILK**

Ladies, if you know of anything better than Corticelli Sewing Silk, the secret may make you

FAMOUS

VICTORIA, MONDAY, JUNE 6TH.

NORMAN ROWES**Big Shows**

THE ONE GREAT TENTED AMUSEMENT ENTERPRISE THAT FULFILLS EVERY PROMISE

5-MARVELOUS BELFORDS
The World's Greatest Acrobats
MELNOTTE, LA NOLE and MELNOTTE
Europe's Premier Comedy High Wire Artists

6-GRAPEFUL GROTHS - 6
Most Remarkable Contortionists Extant
4-FLYING LA VANS - 4
The Most Sensational Aerial Gymnasts

6-GARDNER FAMILY - 6
Heroes of the High Horizontal Bars
3-MCDONALD BROS. - 3
The Foremost Trick Cyclists

8-ROYAL OKA JAPANESE TROUPE - 8
ONE HUNDRED PERFORMING ANIMALS
Grand Gold Glittering Street Parade at 10:30 p.m.
One Ticket Admits You to Everything
Adults 50c.

ROBT. JAMIESON,
Manager.
COMMENCING
MONDAY, MAY 30.
7-BIG ACTS-7
The 2 Traviolas
Empire Trio
The De Geros
Harry De Laln
Trask & Murray
Signor Joan Peralto
New Moving Pictures
TIP TOPPIERS.
Better Come Early.

THE EDISON THEATRE
James H. Erickson, Prop. and Mgr.
Programme Week of May 30, 1904.
Special Engagement
SIGNOR AETURO SALVINI
Late principal tenor Royal Italian Opera, English and the Carl Rosa English Grand Opera Co.'s.
An Innovation in Musical Rhythm.
TIP TOPPIERS
Musical Gypsies.
GEORGE and PAULINE KIDD
Comedy Sketch Artists, Introducing Drum Solo.
WALTER KELLOGG
Illustrated Song—"The City of Signs and Tears."
NEW LIST MOVING PICTURES.
NOTICE—Matinee Daily 2:45; Evenings 7:30; and Saturday night, 7 sharp.

Valuable Waterfrontage FOR SALE

Lots 201 and 203, Victoria City, situated at the foot of Yates Street, with wharf over 100 feet long, and two large warehouses. For particulars apply to
J. STUART YATES

For Hawaii Samoa, New Zealand and Australia

S. S. MARIPOSA, for Tahiti, May 29. 11 a.m.
S. S. ALAMEDA sails for Honolulu, Saturday, June 4, 11 a.m.
S. S. VENTURA, for Auckland, Sydney, 2 p.m., Thursday, June 10.
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
Agents, San Francisco.
R. P. RITHET & CO. LTD., Victoria.

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Trains Daily
The St. Louis Exposition
The Northern Pacific Railway is the only line having through car service to the St. Louis Fair, including Pullman Sleepers, Tourist cars, and Chair Cars (free). The "ST. LOUIS SPECIAL" leaves Seattle every afternoon at 4:00. By taking the morning boat from Victoria, close connection is made with this train. Cheap round trip rates to Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, Boston, New York, and other Eastern and Southern points. Steamship tickets for sale to all European ports, via all Steamship Lines. For further information, call or write
A. D. CHARLTON, C. E. LANG,
A. G. P. A. N. P. R. Gen'l Agt.,
Portland, Or. Victoria, B.C.

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ALSO TO BUFFALO, NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA, VIA NIAGARA FALLS.
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For San Francisco

Leave Victoria 7:30 p.m., City of Puebla, Umatilla, Queen or Valencia, June 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, and every fifth day thereafter.
For further particulars obtain folder. Right is reserved to change steamers or sailing dates.

TICKET OFFICES

VICTORIA, 61 Government and 61 Wharf Street.
San Francisco, 4 New Montgomery St.
C. D. DUNNAN, Gen. Passenger Agent,
10 Market St., San Francisco.

White Horse, the gateway to the new mining camps in the Alsek and Bullion creek districts can be reached via
THE WHITE PASS & YUKON ROUTE
at all seasons of the year. With the opening of navigation, about the first of June, steamer traffic between White Horse, Mendonhall Landing, Dawson and other river points will be resumed.
For particulars apply to the General Freight and Passenger Agent, Mackinnon building, Vancouver, B. C.

GRAND TRUNK-LEHIGH VALLEY ROUTE TO NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

Convenient terminals in Chicago and New York; stopping at Niagara Falls; magnificent scenery. Descriptive literature, time tables, etc., will be mailed free on application to Advertising Department, Grand Trunk Railway System, 185 Adams St., Chicago. Geo. W. Vaux, A. G. P. & W. A.

OVERLANDS DAILY TIME SAVERS.

The "FALCON" sails for FAMOUS "FLYER," leaving Seattle at 8:05 a.m. and 7:30 p.m., respectively.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA S.S. CO.
S.S. KANAGAWA MARU will sail for Japan and way ports on or about July 2. For all information apply to K. J. BURNS, 75 Government St., Victoria.

1,000 Holiday Suits reduced one-fifth for Cash

100 cases Panama, Palm, Manila, and Straw Hats just opened.
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Two Cottages and one two-storey dwelling all splendidly furnished and with every modern convenience. Situate right on the car line in the best residential portion of the city and at moderate rentals.

PEMBERTON & SON

45 FORT STREET

Good Potatoes

We have them. They are first-class cookers, and we guarantee them. Free delivery.

The Sylvester Feed Co., 87-89 YATES STREET Tel. 413.

The Warrior's Apotheosis

(Continued from Page One.)

them there, no matter how long they lived through the bars of the pill-box. Yet, all believed they were there, believed that the ghostly company were enjoying themselves in a solidly com-munion beyond the grave.

Nowhere is the thought of life after death more strong than in the mind of the average Japanese, and if you asked many of the worshippers at the Shio-kousha regarding the soldiers who had come to forgetful for the spirit room on holiday, they would probably tell you that the Samurai who fought in the old mail and whakemon armor, with their two polished swords were marching side by side with the men in the foreign style uniform of dark blue cloth with epaulettes of yellow and facings of blue uniforms that were now invisible, as all else is beyond the grave. However this may be, it is a fact that the government has decreed that four days of the year, two in May and two in November, shall be set apart for the invocation of the spirits of the soldiers who have died in battle facing the enemy; and, now that the nation is at war, the semi-annual festival attracts thousands to the temple, which lies beyond the massive bronze torii, it is a sixty-five feet high of solid bronze forged seventeen years ago at Osaka arsenal on Kudan hill.

It is a religious ceremony, this invocation of the soldier dead, but it is more of a holiday. In the temple grounds at one corner, the worshippers have their amusements, and I sat with 20,000 people, including a large number of soldiers, to watch them. There were no performances, no games, where the museum of arms of the Yushu-kwan to visit. There was the ceremonial dances in the small shrine in amongst the cherry trees at one side of the temple yard, the boat of the steam-ship, which has been used for the blockading expedition in which Commander Hirose lost his life, the rent flag of the Koryok, and other trophies of the war, all placed outside the museum of arms, which holds many thousands of trophies of war, guns in hundreds, ordnance of all kinds from the brass dragon-wound cannon of old China to the new model Krupp, and rifles, guns, rifles, swords, revolvers, saddlery, and all conditions of arms and of all ages.

But the place which attracted the most people was the Coney island in the Japanese, which was arranged in the shape of a coney island, with a line of stone lanterns, houses, with a bronze torii at the temple gate and the old stone beacon whose fires in old days guided the junkies up Yedo bay. There were booths at which all manner of things could be bought, from fresh-made cakes and ice cream to second-hand clothes; from paper flag flags and imitation flowers to bronze ornaments. There, too, were canvas tea houses and small restaurants, theatres, and side stages of planks thrown pouncey on poles lashed together, and with the long, flowing banners bearing toward the theatre from the front avenue in front, these places of amusement were picturesque. They mostly were holding war plays, uniforms and guns—all was war. There were some with performing animals, jugglers, geisha shows, etc.—but the crowd was not for them. It was the war play which drew and three sets—which is but one cent and a half—the spectators crowded in.

To attempt to describe the cluster of booths, side shows, theatres, etc., in that big square—which now is like a desert—would be like the effort to describe the expressions of the thousands there. The army was gaudy and as varied as it was gaudy—a kaleidoscope of color and oddity. It was all flimsy, though, all so superficial—of the Coney island order, attractions for the day, that those who had come to a religious festival in honor of the soldier dead might make merry while they mourned, or rather, celebrated the deaths.

The wrestling was the great attraction, and it drew the greatest number. On four sides of a square amphitheatre twenty thousand people sat about a little platform with four sloping poles holding a matted canvas roof to shelter the wrestlers from the sun's glare. Beneath the canopy of matting stood one robed in kimono such as those of an old-time daimyo—the umpire announcing the candidates. There were numbers of contestants. Dozens, naked with the exception of loin cloth, sat on either side of the ring. In a whiny, rising-sung voice, the umpire announced them, and two naked giants—the wrestlers often weigh 250 pounds or more—entered the ring. They stretched their

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Royal Baking Powder

will retain its full strength and freshness and produce the highest leavening effect in damp, heat or cold, until used.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Are Interested In Proposed Line

Victoria Merchants Betray Lively Interest in Coming Mexican Trade.

Probability That Thorough Investigation Into Conditions Will Be Made.

All other topics of external interest are overshadowed for the present by the importance of the proposed Canada-Mexico line of steamships. As already reported in these columns, the merchants and business men of Victoria have taken a deep interest in the matter, as being something which comes home to them in a practical way, offering scope for the exercise of the keen trading spirit which has made Victoria the premier commercial city of Western Canada.

It is understood that immediate steps are to be taken by a body of the merchants to investigate by means of their own specially appointed agents the conditions as they actually exist in Mexico, and so gain a clear understanding of the requirements. That a splendid and lucrative traffic between the two countries can be built up in the course of a year or two to one who has any information of the facts.

The Mexican opening has superseded for the time being the Oriental prospects, which were discussed with lively interest some weeks ago. But the Oriental market will keep, there is room for all the world over there to make good profits off their trading. But the Mexican market is now in its prime condition for the entrance of strong, healthy competitors such as Victoria will be.

The latest accounts from the republic are that Americans are swarming into Mexico by the thousand, attracted by the new policy of the government, which is copying to a considerable extent the methods of the United States. Victorians cannot make any mistake in getting an early insight into the commercial conditions in Mexico, and then pushing the trade might and main.

There is a strong likelihood that the establishment of the Canada-Mexico line will lead to the starting here of several new industries. Victoria business men are thoroughly aroused to the importance of the opportunity now presented to them.

GASOLINE LAUNCH FOR NOME.

Interesting Experiment With Little Craft Built in Tacoma.

An interesting future is in store for the gasoline launch Seddon, built in Tacoma and owned by Tacoma people, says the News of that city. The little craft is to go on the run between Nome and Solomon.

When the steamer Elin Thompson left Tacoma Wednesday towing the ship Dashing Wave, the Seddon was also taken. At the Aleutian islands the steamer will deliver the launch, and thence to Nome, at a distance of 700 miles, the little gasoline craft will make her own way through the far north seas.

MARINE NOTES.

United States steamer McArthur arrived in the harbor yesterday afternoon on her coast cruising. She anchored in James bay.

Steamer Valencia took the place of the steamer Senator, detained for several northern route, and left the outer wharf last night for San Francisco with a large number of passengers and a heavy cargo.

The ship has returned from the Or- point, and traps and other traps are being driven in nearly completed.

Steamer Kanagawa Maru will probably be the first of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha steamers to visit Victoria since the outbreak of the war. She is to be followed at regular intervals by other vessels of the line.

Steamer Manuka of the Canadian-Australian line is due to arrive at Victoria from the Australasian ports next Wednesday.

Steamer Ties is expected from the north tomorrow. Should she arrive on time she will be prepared for the return voyage immediately, starting on Sunday night.

Most of the sailing schooners which have returned from their coast cruise are receiving an overhaul and left at the Timpel shipyards.

The firm of Moran Bros., of Seattle, has purchased from the Empire Transportation Co. the steamer Oceanic, and will spend \$100,000 in refitting her. The ship has heretofore been engaged each season in the Nome trade, where she is known as one of the smartest sailers in the northern business.

Objects to Act.—Hon. Mr. Morioka, Japanese consul at Vancouver, objects to the provincial Immigration Act of officials must examine all persons whom they suspect of being amenable to the act. Mr. Morioka points out that the regulations are especially distasteful to the better class of Japanese tourists arriving from Japan en route to Eastern Canada, and that they are not in the least objectionable to the country.

It is contended that the province has no right to put obstacles in the way of immigration to Canada.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office, Victoria, June 2.—S p. m.

SYNOPSIS.

The barometer is rising along the coast in advance of an extreme high area from the Pacific, which is likely to cause another day of high water throughout this province. Showers have occurred both on Vancouver Island and the Mainland during the last 24 hours, and rain is now falling from the Rockies eastward to Prince Albert.

TEMPERATURE.

| | Min. | Max. |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Victoria | 51 | 62 |
| New Westminster | 50 | 61 |
| Kamloops | 48 | 58 |
| Barkerville | 45 | 55 |
| Fort Simpson | 42 | 50 |
| Dawson | 42 | 52 |
| Calgary | 44 | 56 |
| Winnipeg | 44 | 56 |
| Portland, Ore. | 54 | 60 |
| San Francisco | 56 | 62 |

FORECASTS.

For 24 hours ending 5 a. m. (Pacific time): Friday: Victoria and vicinity: Winds chiefly westerly and southerly; generally fair; stationary or higher temperature.

Lower Mainland: Generally fair and warmer.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Observations taken daily at 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m.

THURSDAY, June 2.

Barometer at 5 p. m.—Corrected.....20.06

Established 1858 **A.W. Bridgman,** 41 Gov't. St.

Real Estate—Stores, Houses and Farms for sale and to let
Financial—Money to loan in sums from \$500 to \$30,000
Insurance—Commercial Union Assurance Co., of London;
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Water Glass Egg Preserver

Eggs preserved in WATER GLASS PRESERVER are of as fine flavor as when new laid, when boiled or prepared in any desired way. The season for cheap eggs is near, so ORDER NOW!

WATER GLASS is approved by GUELPH AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE. One tin preserves 12 dozen; price 25c.

J. L. WHITE, & CO., DRUGGISTS
30 and 32 Government St., near P. O.

WOOD FOR SALE

400 cords of first-class red fir cordwood for sale, with a first-class cash paying business. Apply Geo. A. Jones, 30 North Park Street.

FOR SALE

Good six-roomed house in good locality, connected with sewer, etc., \$950. May be had on instalments; also a few choice lots on easy terms.

H. J. KNOTT, 18 Caledonia ave.

Patronize Home Industry

In the new building on Carey Road, the Victoria Creamery is again in operation, having installed an entirely new plant. Ask for Victoria Creamery Butter—Second to none in the province. Patronize Home Industry and keep the money in circulation in Victoria.

The Victoria Creamery Association
VICTORIA, B. C.

Baseball

CALEDONIA PARK

Raiders, of Seattle vs. B. C.'s, of Victoria

Saturday, June 4th at 2:30 p. m.

5th Regt. Band in Attendance

Grand Stand Free to Ladies

HAVE TAKEN TEN MILLIONS

Boundary Mines Yield in Four Years—Over Two Million Tons of Ore.

It is a more or less interesting fact, says the Phoenix Pioneer, that with this week's output, the grand total of ore shipments from the mines of the Boundary since steady shipments were started—July, 1900—exceeds 2,000,000 tons. This is less than four years, and if the ore was worth the low average of \$5 per ton, it gives a total valuation of \$10,000,000 at the average rate of \$2,500,000 per year. The following mines contributed these approximate amounts of ore to this grand total:

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Granby Mines, Phoenix | 1,231,477 |
| Snowshoe, Phoenix | 94,000 |
| Brooklyn, Phoenix | 150 |
| Mother Lode, Deadwood | 455,779 |
| Sunset, Deadwood | 31,188 |
| Morrison, Deadwood | 2,489 |
| B. C. Mine, Summit | 101,075 |
| R. Bell, Summit | 509 |
| Emma, Summit | 43,117 |
| Senator, Summit | 2,110 |
| Oro Denora, Summit | 27,537 |
| Winnipeg, Wellington | 5,336 |
| Golden Crown, Wellington | 2,875 |
| Athelstan-Jackpot, Wellington | 10,364 |
| King Solomon, W. Copper | 875 |
| No. 7 Mine, Central | 1,117 |
| City of Paris, Central | 2,000 |
| Jewel, Long Lake | 510 |
| Carmel, West Fork | 830 |
| Providence, Providence | 1,628 |
| Elkhorn, Providence | 675 |
| R. P. U. and Goldfinch | 371 |
| Grand total, tons | 2,017,372 |

How to Judge Beer

Purity, Flavor, Solid, Creamy Foam, Clean Taste and Brilliance, the points of excellence contained in A. B. C. BEER, mark it as the one perfect beer brewed.

The American Brewing Co., St. Louis, U. S. A.
TURNER, BEETON & CO., Wholesale Dealers.

"The only beer bottled exclusively at the Brewery"

WHITE ROCK

The only water that blends perfectly with MILK, WINE OR WHISKY.

Pure, Sparkling and Healthful.
At All Dealers.

Have you tried Red Raven Spits?
PITHER & LEISER,
IMPORTERS.

FOR SALE

At a bargain, about 20 acres of excellent land, with small house and good orchard, beautifully situated on Union Bay, North Saanich. Apply to

A. W. JONES, 28 FORT ST.

Nasco

Nasco is a household necessity. It will clean linoleum and carpets. It will be found an excellent furniture polish and will clean leather and brighten the colors.

A specialty for blankets, flannels, silks and lace goods. There is nothing in the house that it will not cleanse. It is as effective in cold as in hot water, and is as cheap as other soaps, if not wasted.

Give it a trial, and you will buy only Nasco in the future.

FOR LUMBER, SASH, DOORS

and all kinds of Building Material, go to

THE TAYLOR MILL CO., LIMITED LIABILITY.
MILL OFFICE AND YARDS, NORTH GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B.C.
P. O. BOX 623. TEL. 564

White Swan Soap

Used by all experienced housekeepers. Guaranteed to give satisfaction.

W. J. PENDRAY, Victoria, B. C.

MELLOR BROS., Ltd.

Painters and Paperhangers
Dealers in
Wall Papers, Painters Supplies, Glass, Sash and Doors.

Mail Orders Promptly attended to. Estimates Furnished
83 Johnson St. Phone 812.

GOLD SEAL CRACK-PROOF MINING BOOTS

Be sure the heels are stamped.

Be sure that the heels and knees are stamped as per cut, and that each boot has our "GOLD SEAL" stamp on the leg.

Manufactured only by
GOODYEAR RUBBER COMPANY
37 and 75 First St., Portland Ore.
R. H. PRASE, President.

Tyee Copper Co.'y

LIMITED.

Purchasers and Smelters of Copper, Gold and Silver Ores

SMELTING WORKS AT
Ladysmith, Vancouver Island, B.C.

CONVENIENT TO THE ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY OR THE SEA

CLERMONT LIVINGSTON, GENERAL MANAGER.
THOMAS KIDDIE, SMELTER MGR.

How the Czar Rules Russia

Nicholas is Far From Being the Mere Figurehead Many Suppose.

Autocracy Permits of La Politique de Longue Haleine.

The Czar uses his autocratic power, theoretically and practically, in two ways—as a legislator and as the supreme head of the executive. No legislative measure can be initiated without his approval, and when a bill has been prepared in the departments concerned, and discussed in the council of state, it is submitted to him for his assent. If he gives his assent the bill becomes law, though the majority of the council of state may have voted against it, and from that moment he has to respect the law until it is annulled by legislative procedure. If the bill is not fortunate enough to obtain the imperial assent, it goes back to the departments and the council, to be modified in accordance with the imperial wishes, or it is quietly put away in the archives and is no more heard of. As supreme head of the executive his majesty has to use his autocratic power much more frequently, because in the ordinary course of administration, whenever it is considered desirable to make an exception to the existing laws and regulations, the matter has to be submitted for supreme permission by the Minister concerned. As there is nothing which corresponds to a cabinet, the Ministers have no joint responsibility, and the only center in which the activity of all the different departments converges is the Emperor himself. He may, of course, order that a matter is to be submitted to the committee of Ministers, or he may summon a number of persons in whom he has confidence to discuss a question in his presence, but this is not the ordinary method of conducting business.

Thus the Czar who attends to his duties and has a great capacity for work can control thoroughly the great legislative and executive machine by which he governs his empire; and, as he possesses many unofficial means of obtaining information, any Minister who should systematically attempt to deceive him would very soon be found out. With regard to foreign affairs he is sure to be exceptionally well informed, because all crowned heads consider that the relations of their country with foreign powers require their personal supervision, and to these rule the Russian autocrats form no exception. As soon as a political incident happens in which Russia is interested, a memorandum is carefully prepared in the foreign department, describing what has occurred, explaining in what way Russian interests are affected, and suggesting the line of action to be adopted, and this document is submitted to the Emperor. His Majesty may discuss the question with the Minister if he thinks fit, or he may read the paper alone and send it back with his remarks and orders written on the margin. In either case the Minister gets his instructions and acts accordingly. Of late an unusual departure has been made from this procedure, finding it necessary to concentrate the direction of affairs in the Far East, the Emperor created a Vice-Royalty, with special powers, and placed under the orders of the Viceroy not only the civil, military and naval authorities, but also the Russian diplomatic representatives in China, Korea and Japan. Admiral Alexieff, on whom this important post was conferred, corresponds directly with the Emperor outside of the foreign department, so that if the Russian Ambassador in London

Paris or Berlin declares that he does not know what is going on in the Far East, it must not be hastily assumed that he is using merely diplomatic language.

How, then, has it come about that an autocrat, who is a sincere lover of peace and who has the control of affairs in his own hands, has brought his country to the verge of war? In the first place it must be remembered that autocrats, like ordinary statesmen in other forms of government do not always foresee the ultimate consequences of their decisions, and are liable to find themselves unexpectedly in a situation from which war is the only means of exit consistent with the national interests and the national honor. Even the pacific Mr. Gladstone submitted himself to the Egyptian campaign, and afterward drifted dangerously near to a great war with Russia. It must be remembered, further, that the autocratic form of government has its drawbacks as well as its advantages in matters of foreign policy. It does not require to watch and be guided by the ever changing currents of public opinion and it can therefore adopt a political de longue haleine, but it is not nearly so independent of popular sentiment as is commonly supposed, for its strength lies in its being the representative of national conceptions and national aspirations; and if it fails to be true to these it weakens itself. He would be a very bold Czar who would sacrifice a great national interest to love of peace or any other personal feeling. If ever a Czar was justified in disregarding the wishes of the ultra-patriotic section of his subjects it was Alexander II, when he accepted the decisions of the Congress of Berlin in order to avoid a great European struggle; but there is no doubt that the wise, courageous act diminished his popularity and prestige. Whether Nicholas II, has inherited all the civic courage of his grandfather remains to be seen. If he desires peace in the sense of being ready to sacrifice to it certain material and political interests, he should lose no time in transferring the conduct of the diplomatic negotiations from his Viceroy to his friends. The gallant admiral may be wise, prudent and conciliatory as his friends represent him to be, but he has not the experience and traditional dexterity of the Foreign Office officials, and he seems to have conducted the negotiations hitherto in such a way that a diplomatic retreat can now hardly be effected without some loss of prestige. Under the direction of the Foreign Office the strategic operation would be carefully veiled and the loss of prestige, if any, would be reduced to a minimum. —London Times.

GOING SOME.

Mercantile clerks with many letters to write to India traders are to be pitied. The following, picked at random from the books of a London firm doing business in India, are not at all a bad specimen of the general run of names throughout the empire:

Yogarajah Sothasamachendran.
Manthel Prasad Suryanarayana.
Yangar Pathany Vijayaraghavachariar.
Konjeveram Muttukumarswamy Mudhar.
Koduramangalam Subramaniam Chidambaram Iyer.
Peruvayal Coomaleswarenpettah Rajarathna Mudhar.
Thus put, the names do look strange and save something of being a terror to the English man or woman who is to pronounce them. But if words were divided as they rightly may be—instead of being run together, there would be no confusion. "Muttukumarswamy" is an awkward word to pronounce, but "Muttu Kumara Swamy" has nothing to cause any one any trouble. Again, "Vijayaraghavachariar" seems a jaw-breaker of a word; it is euphony itself when properly divided into "Vijaya Raghava Chariar." Why, I wonder, do not Hindu gentlemen in Southern India help the foreigner to understand and to pronounce their names by writing them in the way I have indicated?—United India.

We can only give what we have. Happiness, grief, gaiety, sadness, are by nature contagious. Life alone can rekindle.—Amiel.

Bravely Fighting The White Plague

All the World at Last Aroused to Awful Ravages of Scourge.

Fresh air, Sunshine, Abundant Food, and Gentle Exercise Prevents Consumption.

Many of the most thoughtful and public-spirited men of the Dominion are numbered among the officers and members of the Canadian Association for the Prevention of Consumption and other forms of Tuberculosis, which held its fourth annual meeting in Ottawa on April 20th and 21st. Every thinking man and woman must be impressed with the necessity for united action to check the ravages of a disease which causes one death in every eight in this country, and gives rise to a vast amount of suffering and permanent ill-health. It is calculated that in Canada at the present moment between 30,000 and 40,000 persons are suffering from it, yet it is undoubtedly a preventable disease, and one that is curable in its earlier stages.

AROUSING THE PUBLIC.
The report of the executive council pointed out that the operations of the association have combined with other influences to concentrate public attention in some degree upon consumption and to awaken a desire for information regarding the measures which should be taken to stay its ravages. The secretary, Rev. Dr. Moore, of Ottawa, during the year, distributed by mail and otherwise over 10,000 leaflets on "How to Prevent Consumption." "Rules for Consumptives," etc. Many lectures were also given, with the hearty co-operation and sympathy of medical health officers and other members of the community. Only the hearty co-operation of the Dominion and provincial governments with the municipal councils seems likely to afford a satisfactory solution of the problem of dealing with what should be no longer the "great white plague."

BACK OF NIAGARA FALLS.
A Remarkable Sight to Be Seen From The Tunnel Under the Horseshoe.

Three companies are now working hard on the Canadian side of the Niagara to prepare for generating electrical power from the Falls. Two of the United States companies are controlled by American capital, the third exclusively by Canadian and English capital. All expect to sell their product on the Canadian side and to distribute power to points as much as 200 miles distant from the Falls.

Each company has encountered some interesting engineering problems in the course of the work. One company, for example, has had to plan for a roof of unusual strength over its power houses, because it is expected that the spray from the Falls in winter will clutch the roof with five feet of solid ice. No part of the work is more interesting than that undertaken by the Canadian company. The penstock, or great trench, of this company, at the bottom of which will be the turbines that are to generate the power, is 1,900 feet from the centre of the Horseshoe Falls. This great trench is to be 150 feet deep by 400 feet long and 30 feet wide. The present project was to discharge the water from the bottom of this trench after it had passed through the turbines and done its work. The engineers decided that in order to accomplish this a tunnel should be extended from the bottom of the penstock to a point in the Horseshoe Falls. For this purpose a shaft about ten feet square was sunk on the Canadian side a little above the Falls to a depth of about 150 feet. From the bottom of this shaft was dug a tunnel to a point a few hundred feet above the centre of the Falls to meet the line of the 1,900-foot tunnel that is to run directly from the bottom of the penstock to the centre of the Falls. When this line was struck the workmen began tunnelling directly to ward the penstock. In order to make the removal of the debris easy there was dug from the tunnel leading from the ten-foot shaft a short tunnel to a point beneath the Falls and pretty close to the Canadian side. One may now stand at the mouth of this tunnel within a few feet of the lower end of the 1,900-foot tunnel, and looking through the opening see the dim, transfused light of day outside. Those who have had this privilege say it is a wonderful sight. When the tunnel to the penstock has been completed it will be extended from the point of intersection of the working tunnel from the ten-foot shaft to the centre of the Falls at a depth of about 150 feet. This will 1,900-foot tunnel will eventually be in a shoe shape, with a vertical diameter of 20 feet. The horizontal bottom paved with solid blocks of stone will be 14 feet wide. Along this tunnel the waste water from the penstock will flow to discharge itself into the volume of the Horseshoe Falls some feet above the bottom. A ready consideration part of the tunnel to the penstock has been dug, and the debris is being daily dumped at the mouth of the short auxiliary tunnel opening beneath the Falls near the Canadian side. It will take five months to complete the tunnel and probably a year to get the power station in running order. When running full it will generate 150,000 horsepower. Engineers from this city who have seen the work in progress describe it as of great interest and marvelously ingenious in the way means have been adapted to the ends to be accomplished.

ably received, and at the close of the lecture was accorded an enthusiastic vote of thanks on the motion of His Excellency the Governor-General, who has always taken a great interest in the work of the association. —LIGHT AND SUNSHINE.

The keynote of the convention was: "Live as much as possible in the open air." Fresh air, light and sunshine are most important preventives of consumption, and all rooms occupied by consumptives should be well lighted and well ventilated as possible. Living in overcrowded, ill-ventilated, dark, dirty rooms; insufficient or bad food; dissipation, or anything which enfeebles the system, and thus impairs its power of resistance, is likely to facilitate the invasion of the system by the germs. There are found in vast numbers in the dust particles of the air in the spit of the consumptive, and in the mucus droplets sprayed into the atmosphere by the consumptive in coughing, consequently spitting about the streets or in buildings (churches, schools, theatres, railway stations, etc.), is a dangerous as well as a filthy habit.

THE SANATORIUM TREATMENT.
The ideal place for treating incipient cases of tubercular disease is in the municipal fresh air sanatorium, where the patients may enjoy the best of care, without being altogether removed from the watchfulness of their friends and family physicians. Every patient who is cured in the sanatorium becomes an apostle of the cause of fresh air, hence these institutions serve as object lessons of the greatest value. It is for this reason mainly that the Nova Scotia government has just erected a sanatorium at Kentville with capacity for 35 patients. In the whole Dominion there are only four other institutions devoted to the treatment of consumption. Three of these are under private control and management, and one is the property of the National Sanatorium Association of Ontario. The total accommodation in all of these, with that in hospitals to which consumptives are admitted, amounts to about 1,000 beds. We are indeed poorly equipped for the fight, since the sufferers are so vast in number and so widely distributed as to require a home for consumptives in nearly every county. Only the hearty co-operation of the Dominion and provincial governments with the municipal councils seems likely to afford a satisfactory solution of the problem of dealing with what should be no longer the "great white plague."

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The engineers decided that in order to accomplish this a tunnel should be extended from the bottom of the penstock to a point in the Horseshoe Falls. For this purpose a shaft about ten feet square was sunk on the Canadian side a little above the Falls to a depth of about 150 feet.

From the bottom of this shaft was dug a tunnel to a point a few hundred feet above the centre of the Falls to meet the line of the 1,900-foot tunnel that is to run directly from the bottom of the penstock to the centre of the Falls. When this line was struck the workmen began tunnelling directly to ward the penstock.

In order to make the removal of the debris easy there was dug from the tunnel leading from the ten-foot shaft a short tunnel to a point beneath the Falls and pretty close to the Canadian side. One may now stand at the mouth of this tunnel within a few feet of the lower end of the 1,900-foot tunnel, and looking through the opening see the dim, transfused light of day outside. Those who have had this privilege say it is a wonderful sight. When the tunnel to the penstock has been completed it will be extended from the point of intersection of the working tunnel from the ten-foot shaft to the centre of the Falls at a depth of about 150 feet. This will 1,900-foot tunnel will eventually be in a shoe shape, with a vertical diameter of 20 feet. The horizontal bottom paved with solid blocks of stone will be 14 feet wide. Along this tunnel the waste water from the penstock will flow to discharge itself into the volume of the Horseshoe Falls some feet above the bottom.

A ready consideration part of the tunnel to the penstock has been dug, and the debris is being daily dumped at the mouth of the short auxiliary tunnel opening beneath the Falls near the Canadian side. It will take five months to complete the tunnel and probably a year to get the power station in running order. When running full it will generate 150,000 horsepower. Engineers from this city who have seen the work in progress describe it as of great interest and marvelously ingenious in the way means have been adapted to the ends to be accomplished.

TRANSPORTATION OF LIQUID AIR.
United States Consul-General Guenther, Frankfurt, Germany, writes: "An experiment for the purpose of testing the durability of liquid air has been made between Berlin and Geneva. The manufacture of liquid air for scientific and technical purposes has assumed considerable proportions in Germany. For the further growth of this industry the question of how far liquid air can be transported without serious loss by evaporation is a vital one. The experiment referred to was made for this purpose."

One morning two quarts of liquid air were delivered to the railroad at Berlin packed in a manner specially adapted for this purpose, for transportation to Geneva. The shipment arrived in Geneva in five days, and after an additional delay of half a day it was delivered to the chemical laboratory of the University of Geneva. The glass vessel in which the liquid air was sent still contained one-fourth of a quart thereof, which was at once experimented with. It is stated that this was the longest distance over which this curious liquid has been transported, and the result is encouraging to make further attempts, where the loss would be relatively less. Americans will be surprised that it should take five days for such an article to reach Geneva from Berlin; the same distance in the United States would not exceed thirty-six hours.

A despatch from Rome says that the condition of Queen Wilhelmina of Holland who went to Italy for the benefit of her health, has greatly improved since her sojourn at Sorrento. Her Majesty has made an astute use of Vesuvius.

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THE RUSSIAN PEASANT.

The truth is that the Russian peasant, for a long time, has been under present conditions, slowly starving to death. His average earnings in the central provinces are 17 and 18 kopecks (8 to 9 cents) a day throughout the year during the busiest harvest time they rise to an average of 27 to 30 kopecks (13 to 16 cents) a day during the whole winter; he and his family earn nothing. His diet consists of meal, flour and grist, cabbage and potatoes; no meat excepting three times a year. His diet is insufficient, and less than in any civilized country. The loved he lives in is two and a half yards long and one and one-half yards high, harboring the whole family and whatever cattle he possesses.

Is it a wonder that the Russian peasant has morally and physically degenerated? That the women are immoral, breeding maternity, and given to a frightful extent of infanticide?

"Dickey, if you had 12 marbles, and Tommy should take half of them, how many would you have left?"

"He'd have six of 'em, ma'm, an' de worst fella in 'em ever got in his life crowd in." —Chicago Tribune.

Lame Back for Four Months.

Was Unable to Turn in Bed Without Help.

Plasters and Liniments No Good.

This was the experience of Mr. Benjamin Stewart, Zionville, N.B.

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CURED HIM.

He tells of his experience in the following words: "For four months I was troubled with a lame back and all this time was unable to turn in bed without help. I tried plasters and liniments of all kinds but with no effect. At last I was induced to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and by the time I had used two-thirds of a box my back was as well as and as strong as ever and has kept so ever since."

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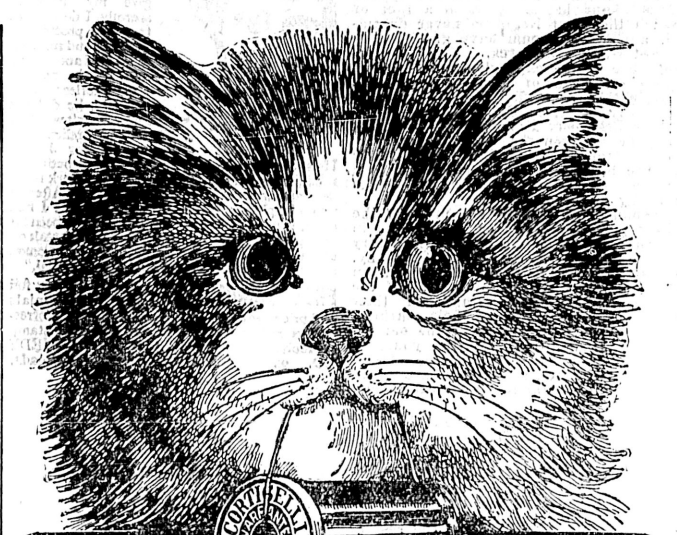
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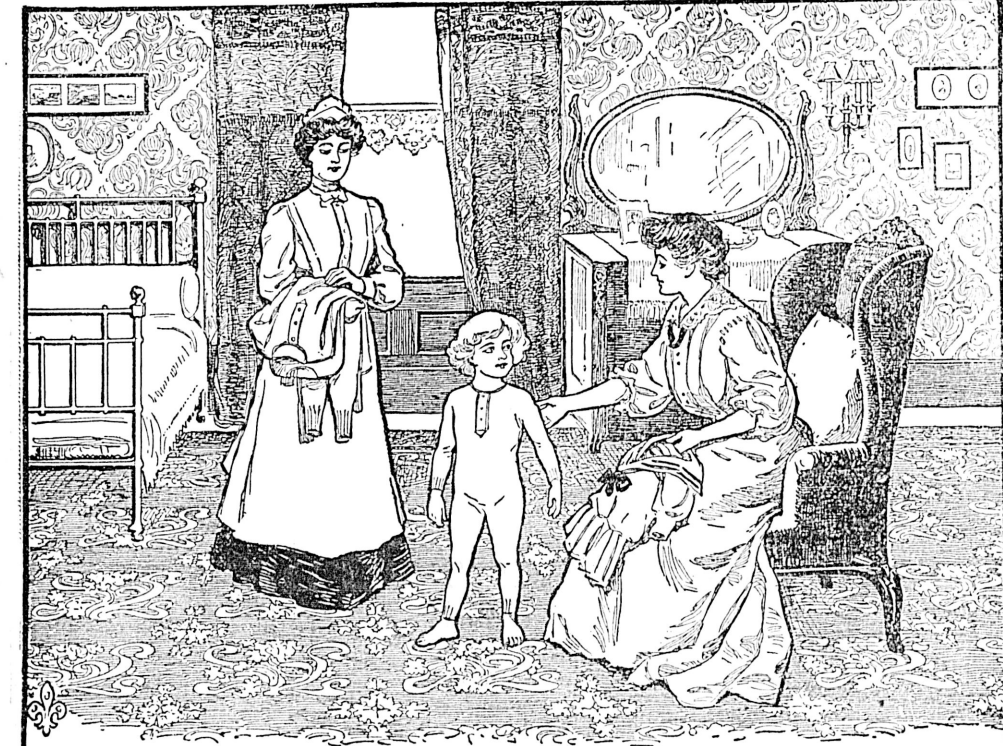
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The Struggle For the Pacific

Study of Contest Between the World Powers for Its Control.

The Oldest Nations Are in Competition With the Youngest.

That the peace of the world and the repose of Europe should ever depend upon a decision made at Tokio by the Mikado and his ministers is a fact of which the great Napoleon never dreamed, and which would have greatly surprised Prince Bismarck. But the consequence of the expansion of European races to the ends of the earth have made this not only possible but actual. In this way M. René Pinon begins in the *Revue des Deux Mondes* a study of the struggle between the world powers for the control of the Pacific ocean. "The Pacific becomes a Mediterranean," is a paradox of yesterday which has become a reality of today.

Around the gigantic sea most of the great powers which for centuries in Europe have been the leaders in history are represented. England, Germany, Russia, France and Holland have taken their positions on this battlefield of the future. They have established their counting houses close by their markets. Here we have on this scene the old nations in competition with the youngest states which they have placed in the United States, the Dominion of Canada, the Australian Federation—and Japan.

That power which exploits the riches of China will dominate the great ocean. In the words of Prince Henry of Orleans, "He who knows how to make his voice heard in the extreme Orient can also talk very loudly in the rest of the world."

M. Pinon considers in order the different countries which have interests in the Pacific. It is Japan's supreme aim, he says, "to create and sustain an army and navy able to vanquish Russia, and to exercise hegemony in the waters of the Far East; to assume at the same time the role of educator of the celestial empire, protector of its integrity and promoter of its energies." He states the yellow race in such a condition that it will be able to drive the Europeans from Far Eastern Asia, take from them their colonies, force all the yellow peoples, and dominate like an Asiatic Great Britain over all the seas and islands of the Western Pacific.

The writer elaborates his argument as to the necessity for Japanese expansion for reasons of overpopulation. Having pointed out, which is a strong strategic point in the Pacific, Japan, he continues, must have Korea, and, in the end, Manchuria also. He does not believe that, even though victorious the Japanese could seriously harm Russia. It would be better for them, he argues, to come to an understanding with the Muscovite now.

ENTER THE UNITED STATES. The appearance of the United States in the extreme Orient he characterizes as dramatic. When Admiral Dewey destroyed the Spanish fleet at Manila Bay, the United States became, "not only a commercial power of the first order, but a territorial and military power." He believes that President Roosevelt is openly aiming at the control of the Pacific. He enumerates the strategic advantages of American possessions washed by Pacific waters, and recounts American commercial triumphs in the Far East. The Americanization of Asia, he says, has begun, and the completion of the Panama canal "will realize the audacious predictions of President Roosevelt." Japan "caught between the expansion of the Russian and the American," can succeed in remaining a great power? This is one of the most interesting problems of the future, Great Britain, he declares, will not dominate the Pacific, because her various possessions in and on the waters of that ocean have no common inter-Asia, Australia and Canada have the most vital concern, but nothing in common with the rest of the Empire. The alliance with Japan, "if one looks for its foundation motives" would seem to be a desperate attempt to arrest the march of Russia into northern China, and to maintain the "open door" in the Middle Kingdom. "In trying the position of Japan in the Far East, and in furnishing her with capital to develop her economic resources, and giving her by this alliance a standing among civilized powers, is not England winking at the question of pocket and inclination, without further bearing on the destinies of the nation."

WILL HOLLAND LOSE HER COLONIES. Holland has vast regions under her control in the East Indies, but not

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He soon began to pick up flesh, his appetite for solid food returned, stuck to his work regularly and we now have a happy home. After he was completely cured I told him what I had done, when he acknowledged that it had been his saving, as he had not the resolution to break off of his own accord. I heartily advise all women afflicted as I was to give your remedy a trial."

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enough capital to develop their resources. M. Pinon is afraid that she will lose these some day, because "islands as large as continents, which remain unproductive and unexploited because their owners have no capital, present in our times a great temptation to peoples faring hurrying to open new avenues for their population; abstract right without force to back it up will some day not be a sufficient safeguard of the Dutch colonies." The possessions of France do not permit her to play an important role in this struggle, this writer admits, but he criticizes the French government for its proposal to sell its Polynesian islands to the United States. This would be, he says, without excuse and without remedy.

THE FINAL ALIGNMENT. With the combatants ready for the fray, and pressed behind by imperious national necessities for homes and markets "on this stage of the Antipodes, history takes on new aspects, and is overturning the old theory of the problem of national life."

Where there is no house of Austria, no Turkey, no Italy, no ancient antagonism between Christians and Mussulmans, Spain disappeared from the stage at the moment when the curtain was rung up; England and France still figure, but at the rear of the stage, in the same rank with Little Holland. The British race plays a star part, but it is not the old England—it is the two figures, Australia and Canada. Finally, the front of the stage is taken up by the struggle between the two colossi, Russia and America, for the mastery of the continent and of the Pacific—if, perhaps, they are not forced to make room for the advanced little yellow man—the Japanese to be followed, it may be, by the Chinaman.

WHERE THE FAULT LIES.

If every business man who suffers from a debilitating employee were obliged to pay not only the employee's crime, but the absence of substantial business carelessness on his own part which afforded both the opportunity and the temptation for the offence, how few victims of these defaulters there would be. It is curious that almost the only "temptation" which receives any particular attention from moralists either in the public or elsewhere is that occasioned by one man offering stimulants to another who may be inclined to indulge in potations to excess. By some odd distortion of moral values the custom of "bribe-taking" has been studied out as though it were the greatest of most important of those actions or omissions by which we cause our neighbors or employees to offend. Who ever heard a sermon or lecture on the duty of keeping personal strict oversight on one's employees or on the duty of having a business system which shall reduce the opportunities of dishonesty to a minimum? The duty is not putting on the character of a greater burden than it can safely bear as is important as any duty in the realm of morals, and the matter of temperance is but one branch of it, and by no means the most important. An examination of the daily criminal catalogue in the courts of the large cities conclusively proves this fact. —George W. Alger, in April Atlantic.

Fruit Raising In B. C. Valleys

Some Special Information Regarding the Possibilities Of Southern B. C.

Manitoba Writer Sees a Great Future For the Fruit Industry.

George E. Winkler, writing from Penicton, B. C., to the Winnipeg Tribune, under date of May 18, says: Since last writing from the Boundary I have spent three years in the Nicola, Similkameen and Okanagan valleys, the three principal valleys in British Columbia dry belt, and it occurred to me that a letter giving some particulars of the results of my trip to the Tribune readers who desire information regarding the fruit growing capabilities of southern British Columbia.

The Okanagan valley is by far the best known section of British Columbia to Manitoba people, and Manitobans are to be found scattered from one end of it to the other, a condition of affairs that has been brought about almost entirely within the last seven years since I first lived on the upper portion of the valley.

Manitobans make good settlers in this province, for one of a large and constantly growing mining community. In Camp Hedley the Standard Oil Co. is spending hundreds of thousands in the development of the Nickel Plate gold mine and the erection of a suitable plant for the treatment of their ores.

Higher up the valley, near Princeton, large seams of gold and rich bodies of copper and gold ores are being opened up, and will some day give employment to great numbers of men.

TO SHOW the wonderful productiveness of the Okanagan, I will give you the results obtained by one fruit grower from southwestern Manitoba, who has been living for some years in the mission valley, near Kelowna. He stated to me that last season he grew 16 tons of prunes on 2½ acres of land, for which he received \$25 a ton, \$400 at the packing house.

Had he packed them himself his returns would have been considerably larger.

As can be readily understood, the choice fruit lands of the Okanagan have been rapidly settled, and in a few years and large shipments (increasing yearly as more trees begin to bear) are being made every season to the Kootenays and the Northwest. One packing house in Kelowna shipped an average of five carloads of fruit a week for over two months last season.

A choice lot of Northern Spy apples was shipped as far as Glasgow, Scotland.

Fruit raised in southern British Columbia is remarkably free from worms and other pests, and the texture and flavor compares well with the best grown. A large number of prizes at the Spokane fruit fair are always awarded to British Columbia grown fruit.

The Nicola valley, although not so well known as the Okanagan, has a good reputation throughout B. C. as a cattle-raising district, and while growing a little fruit, such as cherries, apples and the harder varieties of plums and peaches, in favored spots, is not so well suited for general fruit growing for market purposes as the Okanagan and Similkameen valleys, the altitude being too high in the Nicola for peaches and other sub-tropical fruits.

While at present occupying a very secondary place to the Okanagan from the fruit-grower's standpoint, largely to the lack of transportation facilities to drawback that promises to be soon remedied, the Similkameen valley is destined in the future to rival, if not outstrip, her famous sister valley, the Okanagan.

For a distance of fifty miles or more between the international boundary line and Hedley there are large areas of excellent fruit lands, at present being used for pasture, which will be utilized to grow the various grapes and peaches. Water can be taken from the tributaries of the Similkameen for irrigation purposes, and large tracts over which cattle now roam will be tilled and made to blossom like the rose. Orchards now bearing show plainly the latent possibilities of the soil, and the almost ideal climate is certain to attract hundreds of settlers.

At present the land in the Similkameen is largely held by pioneers, who have devoted their attention to raising cattle, with the result that many of them are now in extremely comfortable circumstances. A number of these large estates will be cut up by the owners and

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sold in ten and twenty acre lots when the demand is sufficiently large.

One great advantage the Similkameen will have over other B. C. fruit districts will be that of a ready market right at hand in the form of a large and constantly growing mining community. In Camp Hedley the Standard Oil Co. is spending hundreds of thousands in the development of the Nickel Plate gold mine and the erection of a suitable plant for the treatment of their ores.

Higher up the valley, near Princeton, large seams of gold and rich bodies of copper and gold ores are being opened up, and will some day give employment to great numbers of men.

VANISHING COAST.

The testimony taken in New Orleans for the United States Supreme Court in the case of the Louisiana-Mississippi boundary proved as sensational as it was explosive. In the matter of marvelous changes that have taken place in the topography of the country in recent years.

The question at issue is the coast line of Louisiana in 1812, because this fixes the water boundary of the State and determines whether the oyster reefs off the coast, valued at \$10,000,000 belong to Louisiana or Mississippi. The old maps declare in favor of Louisiana, the contention of Mississippi, that these reefs are in the Gulf of Mexico, and the country in dispute has always been the mixture of marsh, mud and water it is today. As the country is uninhabited and deemed valueless, the cartographers did not think it worth while to make a fruitless and expensive survey of the marsh and give a number of petty details in which no one was interested. Therefore they made the entire section dry land in their maps.

One of the witnesses, a leading merchant of New Orleans, who had cruised through this country in 1807, visited it again this year. Although there had been no severe storm during that period, he had found the face of the country changed so as to be scarcely recognizable.

Round Island, which he had visited in his trip of 1807 and which was of considerable size, had completely disappeared, and the only evidence that it had ever existed was found in the breakers which now rolled over it. St. Joseph's Island had similarly disappeared, although still borne on all maps; for there is a lighthouse there; but this has been going on for years, the island washing away piece by piece.

Martin Island was another disappearance. These are only a few of the many dead islands. So confused was the testimony on the point of islands that there was some debate among counsel as to exactly what an island was, for there seemed some disposition to contend that in case a little mud showed itself above the water at low tide the island, while moribund, could not be regarded as wholly extinct.

But the greatest changes were in the bays. A sudden storm, a tidal wave would change everything in a night. A fisherman who was out in the desolate country during the great storm of October, 1892, which did much damage on the western coast of Louisiana, reports that where he had camped at Three Mile Bayou he found next morning a

bay twelve feet deep. Barely a year afterward, in November, 1894, another storm had doubled the width and depth of the bayou.

All of the witnesses testified that Crook Pass, now one of the largest in that section, 600 feet wide and correspondingly deep, did not exist twenty-five years ago. It had been born in some great storm—exactly when no one knows, for no one was present at its birth—and since then it had grown in "jumps," as it were, not widening gradually, but at each storm or convulsion of nature. What was true of Crook Pass and Three Mile Bayou was equally true of the other bays of that section, Bayou Loure, Nine Mile Bayou, Petite Pass, Little Pass, which had grown larger than Grand Pass; Blind Pass and Treasure Bay. New lagoons, passes and bayous were constantly being disintegrated and washed away by the waves and tides, then gradually into a bay, and finally into a bayou.

On the other hand, the points, like the islands, were being gradually washed away. Point Choctaw, it was testified had almost completely disappeared. Where it extended ten years ago was marked by a few trunks of trees, destroyed by a stream and rising above the water, which had destroyed it.

The disappearance of the forests which formerly prevailed through the coast or prairie region is one of the marked features of the coast change and largely accounts for it. The trees had formerly given the land some stability and protected it from the ocean. The ocean uprooted these guardians and then destroyed the land. Far out in what is now the Gulf of Mexico the stumps of the dead trees can be found, and any excavations made in the bays and bays bring to light thousands of stumps which show that the land must originally have been densely wooded. It is altogether treeless now, denuded by the storms.

The Chandeliers, originally wooded, are now bare of everything but a few bushes. Many of the witnesses testified that they remember an abundance of trees in this section. All are gone. The cypresses at Point Choctaw were the last to resist the ocean and the storm. They are now well out to sea, rising like spectres above the ocean, and what is true of Point Choctaw is equally true of Point Comfort and all the other points—they are being rapidly ground down.

Such was the general testimony of the witnesses. All reported that on every visit they made to the St. Bernard country they found it different. They could, however, only tell of changes made in the last twenty-five years, for no witness could be found who had visited that section previous to 1869. What had taken place during that time, however, gave some idea of the changes that must have taken place in the fifty-seven years between 1812 when Louisiana was admitted to the Union and 1869, when we have the first evidence of living witnesses as to the coast.

The popular doctrine that the Mississippi is building itself out into the Gulf with the immense mass of mud it carries down from all parts of the valley is well substantiated; but nature has a counteracting agency in the Gulf, which at irregular intervals washes away and destroys the land built up by the Father of Waters. To pass upon the question at issue between Louisiana and Mississippi the United States Supreme court will have to hear a great deal about geology, natural history and all the "ologies."

SPORTING STATESMEN.

Mr. F. G. Allard has put together some interesting notes on "Statesmen who were sportsmen," in the "Fortnightly" for May. There is no moral to be drawn about sport and statesmanship. One Minister indulges, another abstains; it is a question of pocket and inclination, without further bearing on the destinies of the nation.

One great Englishman to whom sport meant very little was the Duke of Wellington. An insinuation to the effect that the gambler's stake him to the degradation that never in his whole life had he staked £20 on any form of hazard. He spared no expense in furnishing his stable, but some how or other his horses were rarely without a fault. His very own horse was lame and not very graceful.

On the other hand, another great soldier who has often been compared to Wellington was a very great sportsman, although no gambler. While he was yet at school he was a first-class field sports higher than book law and delighted in football and cudgel play, while in his later and more strenuous life, he could not had he been a Stuart have taken keener pleasure in his hawk and in his hound.

Of Charles James Fox it is related that during his tour in Switzerland and Italy, his mind was so effectively divorced from his country's fortunes at a critical juncture that he only once looked at an English newspaper, and that was to see in the racing intelligence whether he had won a bet. Mr. Greyville was likewise passionately addicted to horseracing, besides being a very admirable shot.

Bodily exercise was religion with Palmerston. He was the ideal political sportsman. While always to the fore in the hunting field, always keen for it or among the roots, always an enthusiast, albeit a terrible flaker, in the billiard-room, Palmerston never neglected his duty. His endurance in the saddle was proverbial. When nearly 77 years of age he rode to Harrow and back a downpour of rain. Almost the whole of his eightieth birthday was spent in the saddle. It is curious to reflect that, even with the far greater railway facilities of today, the hunting men of State than in former days, and Lord Beaconsfield was, Mr. Allard thinks, the last hunting Prime Minister.

"Ask him what he thinks of the Americans," said the reporter to the interpreter who was helping him interview the distinguished Japanese. The interpreter asked the question and the distinguished visitor made a reply. "He says," the interpreter translated, "that the Americans are the greatest people he has seen in his travels. Indeed, he declares, they may well be called 'the Japanese of the West.'"—Baltimore World.

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Then, in the morning slip into the hall, open the drafts, and in a few minutes you'll have a rapid, house-warming fire—no exasperating, freezing waits; no firing up, nor risk of the fire burning out during the night.

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